### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

Toho Zinc Co., Ltd. and Consolidated Subsidiaries

For the year ended March 31, 2023 with Independent Auditor's Report

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(This is an English translation of the Independent Auditor's Report for the financial statement in the Japanese Annual report)

### Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Toho Zinc Co., Ltd.

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Toho Zinc Co., Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2023, and the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of the audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming the auditor's opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Recoverability of deferred tax assets	
Description of Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
As described in (1) "Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets" under (s) "Significant accounting estimates" in 1. "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, the Group recorded deferred tax assets (before being offset against deferred tax liabilities) of $\pm 2,816$ million as of March 31, 2023. Of this amount, deferred tax assets (before being offset against deferred tax liabilities) recorded by Toho Zinc Co., Ltd. ("Toho Zinc") amounted to $\pm 1,071$ million. The recoverability of deferred tax assets on deductible temporary differences and tax loss carryforwards is determined by estimating future taxable income. Estimates of future taxable income are based on future business plans, and the significant assumptions underlying future business plans are market conditions, such as metal prices and foreign exchange rates, and sales volume.	<ul> <li>In considering the recoverability of Toho Zinc's deferred tax assets, we mainly performed the following audit procedures:</li> <li>We considered the scheduled timing of the reversal of the balance of deductible temporary differences and tax loss carryforwards.</li> <li>In order to assess estimates of future taxable income, we considered the underlying future business plan. In considering the future business plan, we considered its consistency with the latest budget approved by the Board of Directors.</li> <li>To assess the effectiveness of the estimation process used by management in developing business plans, we compared previous year business plans and actual results.</li> <li>We made inquiries of management about</li> </ul>
determining the recoverability of Toho Zinc's ferred tax assets, the significant assumptions derlying future business plans are affected by actuations in quoted market prices and market mand and thus involve uncertainty and require magement's judgment. Accordingly, we have termined that this is a key audit matter for the ar ended March 31, 2023.	<ul> <li>metal prices, foreign exchange rates, and sales volume, which are significant assumptions included in future business plans, and compared these assumptions with the results of trend analysis based on historical data.</li> <li>We considered management's evaluation of uncertainty which reflects a certain level of risk in the business plan.</li> </ul>

### **Other Information**

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report that contains audited consolidated financial statements but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for preparation and disclosure of the other information. The Audit and Supervisory Committee responsible for overseeing the Group's reporting process of the other information.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management, the Audit and Supervisory Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and disclosing, as required by accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, matters related to going concern.

The Audit and Supervisory Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
- Consider internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for our risk assessments, while the purpose of the audit of the consolidated financial statements is not expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit and Supervisory Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit and Supervisory Committee with a statement that we have complied with the ethical requirements regarding independence that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Japan, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Audit and Supervisory Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Interest Required to Be Disclosed by the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan

Our firm and its designated engagement partners do not have any interest in the Group which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC Tokyo, Japan June 29, 2023

Akira Sato Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Yasuhito Tateishi Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Notes to the Readers of Independent Auditor's Report

- This is an English translation of the Independent Auditor's Report as required by the Companies Act of Japan for the conveniences of the reader.
- Some parts of subject which are included in an English translation of the Independent Auditor's Report are not included in translated financial statements even if original Japanese version includes.
- Our audit doesn't include the translation of Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts. So the U.S. dollar amounts written in this translated report are out of our scope.

### Consolidated Balance Sheet

		2023		2022		2023
		(Millior	ns of y	ven)	<i>U.</i> ,	ousands of S. dollars) (Note 2)
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and time deposits (Notes 14 and 16)	¥	9,536	¥	7,929	\$	71,414
Notes and accounts receivable, trade, and contract assets ( <i>Notes</i>		1(100		17.504		100 501
14 and 19)		16,128		17,594		120,781
Electronically recorded monetary claims (Notes 14 and 19)		938 47 457		1,160		7,024
Inventories ( <i>Note 3</i> ) Other current assets		47,457 2,557		52,078 3,850		355,403 19,149
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		2,557		5,830 (0)		(0)
						573,788
Total current assets		76,618		82,613		5/5,/88
Property, plant and equipment:						
Buildings and structures (Note 7)		25,662		25,245		192,181
Machinery and equipment (Note 7)		81,006		78,704		606,650
Land (Notes 4 and 7)		16,616		16,616		124,436
Leased assets		250		249		1,872
Construction in progress		2,015		769		15,090
		125,551		121,586		940,245
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(89,482)		(86,315)		(670,126)
Net property, plant and equipment		36,068		35,271		270,111
Investments and other assets:						
Investment securities (Notes 7, 14 and 15)		1,626		1,678		12,177
Long-term loans receivable		2,440		1,365		18,273
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and associates		,		,		,
(Notes 6 and 15)		9,866		9,597		73,886
Net defined benefit asset (Note 8)		863		878		6,462
Deferred tax assets (Note 11)		788		1,700		5,901
Mining rights (Note 5)		14,147		12,016		105,946
Other assets		1,468		1,563		10,993
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(887)		(888)		(6,642)
Total investments and other assets		30,313		27,911		227,012

#### ¥ 142,999 ¥ 145,796 \$ 1,070,912

		March 31,	
	2023	2022	2023
Liabilities and net assets		ns of yen)	(Thousands of U.S. dollars) (Note 2)
Current liabilities:			
Notes and accounts payable, trade (Note 14)	¥ 7,749	¥ 10,720	\$ 58,031
Short-term borrowings ( <i>Notes 7 and 14</i> )	32,835	30,100	245,899
Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 7 and 14)	6,419	10,192	48,071
Commercial papers (Notes 7 and 14)	6,000	8,000	44,933
Lease obligations (Note 7)	32	29	239
Accrued income taxes	393	1,044	2,943
Accrued expenses	3,744	5,347	28,038
Asset retirement obligations (Note 9)	436	-	3,265
Other current liabilities (Note 19)	4,823	6,969	36,119
Total current liabilities	62,433	72,404	467,557
Long-term liabilities:			
Long-term debt (Notes 7 and 14)	21,118	18,153	158,151
Lease obligations (Note 7)	16	33	119
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 11)	222	207	1,662
Deferred tax liabilities related to land revaluation (Notes 4			
and 11)	4,173	4,173	31,251
Net defined benefit liability (Note 8)	124	140	928
Provision for environmental measures	18	65	134
Provision for loss on business of subsidiaries and associates	102	102	763
Asset retirement obligations (Note 9)	3,830	4,116	28,682
Other long-term liabilities	438	433	3,280
Total long-term liabilities	30,046	27,427	225,013
Total liabilities	92,480	99,831	692,578
Net assets (Note 10): Shareholders' equity: Common shares: Authorized - 26,400,000 shares Issued - 13,585,521 shares	14,630	14,630	109,563
Capital surplus	9,876	9,876	73,960
Retained earnings	14,563	14,787	109,061
Less: Treasury shares, at cost – 7,620 shares in 2023 and 7,459 shares in 2022	(31)	(31)	(232)
Total shareholders' equity	39,040	39,264	292,368
		55,201	
Accumulated other comprehensive income:			
Net unrealized gains on other securities	371	315	2,778
Deferred losses on hedges	(539)	(3,668)	(4,036)
Revaluation reserve for land (Note 4)	8,610	8,610	64,479 10,259
Foreign currency translation adjustment	2,585	912 520	19,358
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	451	530	3,377
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	11,479	6,700	85,965
Total net assets	50,519	45,964	378,334
Total liabilities and net assets	¥ 142,999	¥ 145,796	<u>\$ 1,070,912</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### Consolidated Statement of Operations

Consolidated Statement of C	pera		ch 31,			
		2023		2022		2023
		(Million	ns of y	yen)	U.	ousands of S. dollars) (Note 2)
Net sales (Note 19)		145,764		124,279	<b>\$</b> ]	1,091,619
Cost of sales		133,407		106,107		999,078
Gross profit		12,356		18,172		92,533
Selling, general and administrative expenses: Transportation expense Salaries and wages Retirement benefit expenses Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts Depreciation		3,635 1,581 35 (0) 215		3,636 1,466 40 0 214		27,222 11,840 262 (0) 1,610
Research and development costs		218		213		1,632
Other		2,621		2,092		19,628
		8,307		7,663		62,210
Operating income		4,049		10,509		30,322
Other income (expenses): Interest and dividend income Interest expenses Share of loss of entities accounted for using equity method Foreign exchange gains Environmental expenses Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment Loss on sales of property, plant and equipment Impairment loss on fixed assets ( <i>Note 5</i> ) Gain on sales of investment securities Loss on sales of investment securities Loss on valuation of investment securities Loss on valuation of derivatives Royalty income Loss on valuation of investments in capital of subsidiaries and associates Other, net		$231 \\ (671) \\ (304) \\ 354 \\ (768) \\ 12 \\ - \\ (296) \\ (231) \\ 18 \\ (11) \\ - \\ - \\ (1,393) \\ 247 \\ (2,813) \\ 247 \\ (2,813) \\ - \\ (2,813) \\ - \\ (2,813) \\ - \\ (3,12) \\ - \\ (3,1$		$92 \\ (487) \\ (62) \\ 102 \\ (455) \\ 242 \\ (1) \\ (266) \\ - \\ 53 \\ (10) \\ (45) \\ (515) \\ 70 \\ - \\ 99 \\ (1,183) \\ - \\ 925$		$1,729 \\ (5,025) \\ (2,276) \\ 2,651 \\ (5,751) \\ 89 \\ - \\ (2,216) \\ (1,729) \\ 134 \\ (82) \\ - \\ - \\ (10,432) \\ 1,849 \\ (21,066) \\ - \\ - \\ (21,066) \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ $
Profit before income taxes		1,235		9,325		9,248
Income taxes (Note 11): Current Deferred		792 (351) 440		1,250 152 1,403		5,931 (2,628) 3,295
Profit		794		7,922		5,946
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	¥	794	¥	7,922	\$	5,946
Per share:			en)	<u> </u>	(U.	S. dollars) (Note 2)
Profit – basic	¥	58.52	¥	583.45	\$	0.43
	¥	75.00	¥	75.00	\$	0.56
Cash dividends (Note 10)	<u>+</u>	10.00	- <b>r</b>	/ 5.00	Ψ	0.50

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

		ch 31,				
		2023		2022		2023
		(Millio)	ıs of y	ven)	U.1	ousands of S. dollars) Note 2)
Profit	¥	794	¥	7,922	\$	5,946
Other comprehensive income (Note 18):						
Net unrealized gains (losses) on other securities		55		(107)		411
Deferred gains (losses) on hedges		3,128		(3,548)		23,425
Foreign currency translation adjustment		1,672		856		12,521
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		(78)		56		(584)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		4,778		(2,743)		35,782
Comprehensive income	¥	5,573	¥	5,179	\$	41,735
Comprehensive income attributable to:						
Owners of the parent	¥	5,573	¥	5,179	\$	41,735
Non-controlling interests		_		_		_

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets

		Shareholders' equity									
	Number of shares of common shares issued	Common shares		1			Retained earnings		Freasury hares (*)		Total reholders' equity
	(Thousands)			(Millions of yen)							
Balance as of April 1, 2021	13,585	¥	14,630	¥	9,876	¥	7,546	¥	(30)	¥	32,022
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies	_		_		_		0		_		0
Restated balance	13,585		14,630		9,876		7,546		(30)		32,023
Dividends of surplus	_		-		-		(678)		-		(678)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	-		-		_		7,922		-		7,922
Acquisition of treasury shares	_		-		_		-		(0)		(0)
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land	_		-		_		(1)		-		(1)
Net changes in items other than those in shareholders' equity	_		_		_		_		_		_
Balance as of March 31, 2022	13,585		14,630		9,876		14,787		(31)		39,264
Dividends of surplus	-		_				(1,018)		_		(1,018)
Profit attributable to owners of the parent	-		_		-		794		_		794
Acquisition of treasury shares	-		_		-		-		(0)		(0)
Net changes in items other than those in shareholders' equity			_		_		_				
Balance as of March 31, 2023	13,585	¥	14,630	¥	9,876	¥	14,563	¥	(31)	¥	39,040

	Shareholders' equity											
	(	Common shares			1			Retained earnings				Total areholders' equity
	(Thousands of U.S. dollars) (Note 2)											
Balance as of March 31, 2022	\$	109,563	\$	73,960	\$	110,739	\$	(232)	\$	294,046		
Dividends of surplus		-		-		(7,623)		-		(7,623)		
Profit attributable to owners of the parent		_		-		5,946		_		5,946		
Acquisition of treasury shares Net changes in items other than those in shareholders' equity				_		_		(0) -		(0) -		
Balance as of March 31, 2023	\$	109,563	\$	73,960	\$	109,061	\$	(232)	\$	292,368		

				Асси	ımula	ited other	comp	rehensive	income					
	unre gaii ot	Vet alized ns on ther urities	Deferred losses on hedges		Revaluation reserve for land		Foreign currency translation adjustment		Remeasure- ments of defined benefit plans		Total accumulated other comprehensive income			Total t assets
								lions of ye	,					
Balance as of April 1, 2021	¥	423	¥	(120)	¥	8,608	¥	56	¥	473	¥	9,441	¥	41,464
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies		_		_		_		_		_		_		0
Restated balance		423		(120)		8,608		56		473		9,441		41,464
Dividends of surplus		_				_		_		_		_		(678)
Profit attributable to owners of the														
parent		-		-		-		-		-		-		7,922
Acquisition of treasury shares		-		-		-		-		-		-		(0)
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land		-		-		-		-		-		-		(1)
Net changes in items other than those in shareholders' equity		(107)		(3,548)		1		856		56		(2,741)		(2,741)
Balance as of March 31, 2022		315		(3,668)		8,610		912		530		6,700		45,964
Dividends of surplus		_		-		_		_		_		_		(1,018)
Profit attributable to owners of the														
parent		-		-		-		-		-		-		794
Acquisition of treasury shares		-		-		-		-		-		-		(0)
Net changes in items other than those		55		3,128		_		1,672		(78)		4,778		4,778
in shareholders' equity	v		¥		¥	9 6 1 0	¥	/	¥	( )	¥	,	¥	
Balance as of March 31, 2023	ŧ	371	<u>+</u>	(539)	<u></u>	8,610	<u>+</u>	2,585	<u>+</u>	451	ŧ	11,479	<u>+</u>	50,519

	Accumulated other comprehensive income													
	ga	Net realized ains on other curities	lc	Deferred osses on hedges		valuation serve for land	tra ad	Foreign urrency inslation justment	m d bene	neasure- ents of efined efit plans	acc comp	Total accumulated other comprehensive income		Total et assets
						(Tho		ls of U.S. (Note 2)	dollar	rs)				
Balance as of March 31, 2022	\$	2,359	\$	(27,469)	\$	64,479	\$	6,829	\$	3,969	\$	50,175	\$	344,222
Dividends of surplus Profit attributable to owners of the		_		-		_		_	-	_	-	_		(7,623)
parent		_		_		_		_		_		_		5,946
Acquisition of treasury shares		_		-		_		-		_		_		(0)
Net changes in items other than those in shareholders' equity		411		23,425		_		12,521		(584)		35,782		35,782
Balance as of March 31, 2023	\$	2,778	\$	(4,036)	\$	64,479	\$	19,358	\$	3,377	\$	85,965	\$	378,334

(\*) There were 7,620 and 7,459 treasury shares as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. (Note 10)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Year ended March 31,						
	2023	2022	2023				
	(Millions of yen)						
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Profit before income taxes	¥ 1,235	¥ 9,325	\$ 9,248				
Depreciation	4,385	4,315	32,839				
Impairment loss on fixed assets	231	_	1,729				
(Decrease) increase in allowance for doubtful accounts	(0)	0	(0)				
Decrease (increase) in net defined benefit asset	15	(155)	112				
(Decrease) increase in net defined benefit liability	(129)	79	(966)				
Interest and dividend income	(231)	(92)	(1,729)				
Interest expenses	671	487	5,025				
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	33	(141)	247				
Share of loss of entities accounted for using equity method	304	62	2,276				
Net loss on sales and retirement of property, plant and equipment	284	22	2,126				
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable, trade	1,438	(3,170)	10,769				
Decrease (increase) in inventories	4,786	(18,929)	35,842				
(Decrease) increase in notes and accounts payable, trade	(2,068)	3,891	(15,487)				
Loss on valuation of investment securities	_	45	_				
Net gain on sales of investment securities	(6)	(42)	(44)				
Loss on valuation of investments and other assets	1,393	_	10,432				
Other, net	589	322	4,410				
Subtotal	12,932	(3,978)	96,847				
Interest and dividend income received	231	85	1,729				
Interest expenses paid	(646)	(486)	(4,837)				
Income taxes paid	(1,508)	(799)	(11,293)				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	11,009	(5,178)	82,445				
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Payments for purchases of property, plant and equipment	(3,072)	(2,650)	(23,006)				
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	12	267	89				
Payments for purchases of intangible assets	(2,551)	(2,168)	(19,104)				
Payments for purchases of investment securities	(2,331)	(2,100)	(1),104) (22)				
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	142	140	1,063				
Payments for loans receivable	(1,092)	(502)	(8,177)				
Proceeds from collection of loans receivable	(1,092)	(302)					
Purchases of shares of subsidiaries and associates	(182)	(3,299)	591 (1.362)				
Payments for investments in capital of subsidiaries and associates	· · ·	(3,299)	(1,362)				
	(1,158) (303)	(254)	(8,672) (2,269)				
Other, net		· · · · · ·					
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,128)	(8,403)	(60,870)				

Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net increase in short-term borrowings	2,621	6,092	19,628
Proceeds from long-term debt	9,330	11,800	69,871
Repayments of long-term debt	(10,257)	(7,590)	(76,814)
(Decrease) increase in commercial papers	(2,000)	6,000	(14,977)
Cash dividends paid	(1,018)	(678)	(7,623)
Other, net	(49)	(51)	(366)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(1,373)	15,571	(10,282)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	100	5	748
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,606	1,995	12,027
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	7,929	5,934	59,379
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year (Note 16)	¥ 9,536	¥ 7,929	\$ 71,414

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### March 31, 2023

Notes for Readers of Consolidated Financial Statements

- This is an English translation of the consolidated financial statements as required by the Companies Act of Japan prepared for the convenience of readers outside Japan.
- Certain information included in the Japanese Consolidated Financial Statements is not included in these translated consolidated financial statements.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of presentation

Toho Zinc Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its domestic subsidiaries maintain their books of account in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and its foreign subsidiaries maintain their books of account in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") or those of their countries of domicile.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to application and disclosure requirements of IFRS, and are compiled from the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Company as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan.

Certain amounts in the prior year's financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

As permitted under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, amounts of less than one million yen have been omitted. As a result, the totals shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements (both in yen and in U.S. dollars) do not necessarily agree with the sums of the individual amounts.

Certain items presented in the consolidated financial statements submitted to the Director of Kanto Local Finance Bureau in Japan have been reclassified in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for the convenience of readers outside Japan.

(b) Principles of consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its significant subsidiaries that are controlled by the Company. Under the effective control approach, all significant majority-owned companies are to be consolidated. Additionally, companies in which share ownership equals 50% or less may be required to be consolidated in cases where such companies are effectively controlled by other companies through the interests held by a party who has a close relationship with the parent. All significant intercompany transactions and accounts are eliminated in consolidation.

#### (c) Foreign currency translation

#### (1) Foreign currency transactions

All receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date.

(2) Foreign currency financial statements

Assets and liabilities of the foreign consolidated subsidiaries are translated into Japanese yen at the current exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Revenue and expense accounts are translated at the average exchange rate in effect during the year. Foreign currency translation adjustments are included in net assets.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows are composed of cash on hands, bank deposits withdrawable on demand and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less and minor risk for the fair value fluctuation.

(e) Inventories

Merchandise, finished goods, semi-finished goods, work in process and raw materials are stated at the lower of cost or net selling value, for which cost is primarily determined by the first-in first-out method. Supplies are stated at the lower of cost or net selling value, for which cost is determined by the moving average method.

- (f) Financial instruments
  - (1) Investment securities

Marketable equity securities classified as other securities are carried at fair value with any changes in unrealized gains or losses, net of income taxes, included directly in net assets. Cost of securities sold is determined by the moving average method. Non-marketable equity securities classified as other securities are carried at cost determined by the moving average method.

(2) Derivatives

The Company has entered into various derivative transactions, including forward foreign exchange contracts, interest rate swaps and metal forward contracts, in order to manage certain risks arising from adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices, respectively.

All derivatives are recognized in the balance sheet at fair value, with changes in fair value included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise, except for derivatives that are designated as "hedging instruments" (see Note 1. (f) (3) *Hedge accounting* below).

(3) Hedge accounting

Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the derivatives designated as "hedging instruments" are deferred as an asset or liability and included in profit or loss in the period during which the gains and losses on the hedged items or transactions are recognized.

Hedging instruments are derivative transactions including metal forward contracts, interest rate swaps, and forward exchange contracts. The related hedged items are raw materials and finished goods exposed to commodity price fluctuation risk, interest payments on debt loan, and products exposed to foreign exchange fluctuation risk, respectively.

The Company has a policy to utilize the above hedging instruments in order to reduce the Company's exposure to the risks of fluctuations in prices of raw materials and products, interest rates and cash flows.

The Company evaluates the effectiveness of its hedging activities by reference to the accumulated gains or losses on the hedging instruments and the underlying hedged items from the commencement of the hedging transactions regarding metal forward contracts and forward exchange contracts. Hedge effectiveness is omitted for interest rate swaps which qualify for hedge accounting and meet specific criteria.

(g) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, except for leased assets, are stated at cost and mainly depreciated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

(h) Intangible assets and amortization

Mining rights are mainly amortized by using the unit-of-production method. Other intangible assets are mainly amortized by using the straight-line method. Software for internal use is amortized by using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life (5 years).

(i) Leases

Leased assets which are capitalized under finance leases are primarily the storage equipment (structures) in the Smelting business and logistics facilities (buildings and structures) in the Mineral Resource business and depreciated over the lease term of the respective assets by the straight-line method with no residual value.

(j) Allowance for doubtful accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided at an amount sufficient to cover possible losses on collection. The allowance consists of the estimated uncollectible amounts with respect to specific receivables plus an amount based on historical experience of bad debt with respect to other receivables.

- (k) Retirement benefits
  - (1) Method for attribution of expected retirement benefits to periods

In the calculation of retirement benefit obligations, the expected retirement benefits are attributed to the period up to the end of the current fiscal year based on the benefit formula method.

(2) Accounting method for actuarial gains and losses and past service costs

Actuarial gains and losses are amortized by the straight-line method over a certain period (10 years) which is within the average remaining years of service of the eligible employees when the gains or losses arise, from the year following the year in which the gains and losses arise.

Past service costs are amortized as incurred by the straight-line method over a certain period (10 years) which is within the average remaining years of service of the eligible employees when the gains or losses arise.

(3) Accounting method for unrecognized actuarial gains and losses and unrecognized past service costs

Unrecognized actuarial gains and losses and unrecognized past service costs are recorded as remeasurements of defined benefit plans under accumulated other comprehensive income of net assets after tax effect adjustments.

(4) Application of the simplified method for small enterprises, etc.

Some of its consolidated subsidiaries apply the simplified method in the calculation of their net defined benefit liability and retirement benefit expenses. Under the simplified method, the benefits payable assuming the voluntary retirement of all eligible employees at the year-end are deemed as retirement benefit obligations.

(1) Provision for environmental measures

Provision for environmental measures is estimated and recorded to provide for future potential costs related to disposal of polychlorinated biphenyl waste and the land improvement business.

(m) Provision for loss on business of subsidiaries and associates

Provision for loss on business of subsidiaries and associates is recorded based on the estimated loss burden amount corresponding to financial situation of those companies.

(n) Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial reporting and the tax bases of the assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws which will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

- (o) Recognition of revenues
  - (1) Smelting

The Smelting business engages in sales of nonferrous metal products such as zinc, lead and silver. Revenue from this business is recognized at the time of delivery as the performance obligation is satisfied when control over the goods is transferred to the customer. Revenue from sales of these products is measured at the transaction price under contracts with customers. The consideration for the transaction is received primarily within six months after the performance obligation is satisfied and therefore does not include any significant financing component.

(2) Environment and Recycling

The Environment and Recycling business engages in sales of zinc oxide and other products. Revenue from this business is recognized at the time of delivery as the performance obligation is satisfied when control over the goods is transferred to the customer. Revenue from sales of these products is measured at the transaction price under contracts with customers. The consideration for the transaction is received primarily within six months after the performance obligation is satisfied and therefore does not include any significant financing component.

#### (3) Mineral Resources

The Mineral Resources business engages in sales of lead and silver concentrates as well as zinc concentrates. Revenue from this business is recognized at the time of delivery as the performance obligation is satisfied when control over the goods is transferred to the customer. Revenue from sales of these products is measured at the transaction price under contracts with customers. The consideration for the transaction is received primarily within six months after the performance obligation is satisfied and therefore does not include any significant financing component.

#### (4) Electronic Components and Advanced Materials

The Electronic Components and Advanced Materials business engages in sales of electronic parts, plating products, electrolytic iron, and machine parts. Revenue from this business is recognized at the time of delivery as the performance obligation is satisfied when control over the goods is transferred to the customer. For certain products, the business applies the alternative treatment prescribed in Paragraph 98 of the "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" and recognizes revenue from sales of products in Japan at the time of shipment if the period from the time of shipment to the time when control of the product is transferred to the customer is within a normal period. Revenue from sales of these products is, in principle, measured at the transaction price under contracts with customers. For products which use parts supplied from customers for a fee, for which the Group does not obtain control, revenue from sales of such products is measured at the transaction price under contracts with customers, less the amount for the parts supplied from customers for a fee. The consideration for the transaction is received primarily within six months after the performance obligation is satisfied and therefore does not include any significant financing component.

#### (5) Other

This segment mainly consists of the business engaging in sales of sound insulation building materials, and the civil engineering, construction and plant engineering business. Revenue from sales of sound insulation building materials is recognized at the time of delivery as the performance obligation is satisfied when control over the goods is transferred to the customer. Revenue from sales of these products is measured at transaction price under contracts with customers. The consideration for the transaction is received primarily within six months after the performance obligation is satisfied and therefore does not include any significant financing component. On the other hand, revenue from the civil engineering, construction and plant engineering business is recognized based on the degree of completion of the construction work as performance obligations of this business are satisfied over a certain period of time, or more specifically satisfied based on the progress of construction over the contract period. Therefore, revenue from this business is recognized according to the degree of completion of the construction work. The degree of completion is measured by the input method based on costs incurred because the costs incurred are considered to contribute to and be largely proportional to the entity's progress in satisfying its performance obligations. Revenue from these construction works is measured at the transaction price under construction contracts with customers. The consideration for the transaction is received in stages in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract and largely in proportion to the progress of satisfaction of the performance obligation, and therefore does not include any significant financing component.

#### (p) Appropriation of retained earnings

Cash dividends and transfers to legal reserve are recorded in the fiscal year in which the proposed appropriation of retained earnings is approved at the shareholders' meeting.

(q) Profit per share

Profit per share is computed based on the profit available for distribution to shareholders of common shares and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year.

(r) Asset retirement obligations

Asset retirement obligations are calculated based on the estimated life of mine from commencement of operations, which is deemed as the estimated usable period, using the discount rates of 1.1 to 2.1% for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022. The amount mainly represents the obligations of CBH Resources Ltd. ("CBH") to restore its mine sites at Endeavor Mine and Rasp Mine to their original states upon closure.

- (s) Significant accounting estimates
  - (1) Recoverability of deferred tax assets

The amounts recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022

		March 31,								
			2022	2023						
		(Millions of yen)				(Thousands of U.S. dollars)				
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	¥	2,816 2,250	¥	3,831 2,337	\$	21,088 16,850				

Information about significant accounting estimates for the identified item

The recoverability of deferred tax assets is assessed based on the expected reduction in the tax burden in the future. Such assessment is based on the sufficiency of the taxable income before adjustment of the temporary differences, etc. considering profitability, the sufficiency of the taxable income before adjustment of the temporary differences, etc. under tax planning, and the sufficiency of future taxable temporary differences.

For the assessment for the sufficiency of taxable income before adjustment of temporary differences, etc. considering profitability, the taxable income for the fiscal year when the temporary differences are expected to be resolved and the taxable income during the carry-back or carry-forward period is estimated.

The main assumption for the future business plan used for the estimate of future taxable income is based on the information about the market conditions such as metal market prices or foreign exchange rates, the sales volume and others.

If a reassessment of such estimates and assumptions is required due to changes in uncertain economic conditions in the future, etc., it may have a significant impact on the amounts of deferred tax assets and deferred income taxes recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the next fiscal year.

#### (2) Calculation of retirement benefit obligations

The amounts recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022

	March 31,								
	<b>2023</b> 2022					2023			
		(Millions o			`	ousands of 5. dollars)			
Net defined benefit asset (Toho Zinc)	¥	863	¥	878	\$	6,462			

Information about significant accounting estimates for the identified item

In the Group, some companies adopt defined benefit plans. Retirement benefit obligations and related service costs for the defined benefit plans are calculated by estimating and discounting the expected retirement benefits based on actuarial assumptions. The main actuarial assumptions are the discount rate and expected rate of return of plan assets, and the discount rate is determined based on the yield of long-term government bonds at the fiscal year end. The expected rate of return of plan assets is determined based on the portfolio of the holding plan assets, operational performance in the past, operational policies and market trends, etc.

If a reassessment of the discount rate and long-term expected rate of return, which are main assumptions, is required due to changes in uncertain economic conditions in the future, etc., it may have a significant impact on the amounts of net defined benefit asset, net defined benefit liability and retirement benefit expenses recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the next fiscal year.

(3) Impairment loss on fixed assets in Mineral Resource business

The amounts recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022

		March 31,								
	2023		2022		2023					
		(Millions of yen)				(Thousands of U.S. dollars)				
Property, plant and equipment (Mineral										
Resource business)	¥	6,679	¥	6,202	\$	50,018				
Intangible assets (Mineral Resource business)		14,137		12,003		105,871				
Impairment loss (Mineral Resource business)		231		—		1,729				

Information about significant accounting estimates for the identified item

Business assets of the Company are grouped based on the categories used for its managerial accounting. The asset group with an indication of impairment is assessed to determine if impairment loss should be recognized, and if it is determined that impairment loss should be recognized, the Company writes down the book value to its recoverable amount and recognizes an impairment loss. The recoverable amount is measured at net sales amount or value in use, and future cash flows for which value in use is used as a recoverable amount is calculated based on the business plan for the next fiscal year.

The Group recorded impairment loss on fixed assets of the Mineral Resource business of  $\pm 231$  million (\$1,729 thousand) for the year ended March 31, 2023 as described in Note 5. *Impairment Loss on Fixed Assets*. In calculating the impairment loss, the recoverable amount is measured using value in use. The main assumptions used to formulate the business plan for the next fiscal year and onwards, which form the basis for future cash flows, are information about external factors including business environment (the market conditions such as metal market prices or foreign exchange rates and the condition to buy metals), production volume and growth rate. In addition, the discount rate before tax, which is used in the assumption, reflects both the time value of money and the risk that future cash flows deviate from the original estimate, and is calculated based on the weighted average cost of capital of debt capital and equity capital.

The Group recorded no impairment loss on fixed assets of the Mineral Resource business for the year ended March 31, 2022. Specifically, the Mineral Resource business reported operating income and no other businesses experienced events leading to an indication of impairment.

If a reassessment of such estimates and assumptions is required due to changes in uncertain economic conditions in the future, etc., it may result in additional impairment loss (extraordinary losses) recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the next fiscal year.

(t) Changes in accounting policies

Not applicable.

- (u) Accounting standards and guidance issued but not yet adopted
  - "Accounting Standard for Current Income Taxes" (ASBJ Statement No. 27, issued on October 28, 2022)
  - "Accounting Standard for Presentation of Comprehensive Income" (ASBJ Statement No. 25, issued on October 28, 2022)
  - "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Guidance No. 28, issued on October 28, 2022)
  - (1) Overview

In February 2018, ASBJ issued ASBJ Statement No. 28, "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting," etc. (hereafter, "ASBJ Statement No. 28, etc."), which completed the transfer of implementation guidance on tax effect accounting from JICPA to ASBJ. However, in the course of the deliberations, the following two issues were to be discussed again after the release of ASBJ Statement No. 28, etc., and they were discussed and released.

- The classification of tax expenses (taxation on other comprehensive income)
- Tax effect on sales of shares of subsidiaries, etc. (shares of subsidiaries and associates) when a group taxation regime is applied
- (2) Date of application

The Company plans to apply the accounting standard and guidance effective from the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2025.

(3) Effect of applying the standard and guidance

The Company is currently evaluating the effect of applying the "Accounting Standard for Current Income Taxes," etc. on its consolidated financial statements.

(v) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year amounts to conform to the current year presentation.

#### 2. U.S. Dollar Amounts

U.S. dollar amounts presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes are included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan, at the prevailing exchange rate of  $\pm 133.53$  to U.S.  $\pm 1$  on March 31, 2023. These translations should not be construed as representations that the yen amounts actually represent, or have been or could be converted into U.S. dollars at that or any other rate.

#### 3. Inventories

Inventories as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 consisted of the following:

	March 31,							
	2023			2022		2023		
	(Millions of yen)					(Thousands of U.S. dollars)		
Merchandise and finished goods	¥	9,490	¥	10,726	\$	71,070		
Work in process		14,998		16,088		112,319		
Raw materials and supplies		22,968		25,263		172,006		
Total	¥	47,457	¥	52,078	\$	355,403		

#### 4. Land Revaluation

In accordance with the Act on Revaluation of Land, the Company's land used for its business operations was revalued as follows:

Date of revaluation: March 31, 2000

The differences between total fair value of land and the total book value after revaluation of land as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 were \$7,682 million (\$57,530 thousand) and \$7,679 million, respectively.

The tax effect of the excess on revaluation is recorded as deferred tax liabilities related to land revaluation which is included in liabilities, and the remainder, net of income taxes portion of the excess on revaluation, is presented as revaluation reserve for land which is included in net assets.

#### 5. Impairment Loss on Fixed Assets

The Group recognized impairment losses on certain asset groups for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 as follows:

#### For the year ended March 31, 2023

Location	Use	Category	(Millio	ns of yen)	`	ousands of S. dollars)
The State of New South Wales,	Assets included in Mineral Resource					
Australia	business segment (Assets at Rasp					
	Mine)	Mining rights	¥	231	\$	1,729

Business assets of the Company are grouped based on the categories used for its managerial accounting. With respect to idle assets, each asset is treated as an individual unit to apply the accounting for the impairment.

Regarding the Rasp Mine in the State of New South Wales, Australia and other locations, CBH Resources Ltd. ("CBH") wrote down the book value of the asset group included in the Mineral Resource business segment to its recoverable amount and recognized the reduction as impairment losses, since CBH could not expect to generate cash inflows sufficient to recover the invested capital in future due to market conditions and other external environment and a revision in the production plan for the mine.

The recoverable amount of the asset group is measured at value in use, and calculated by discounting future cash flows at a rate of 14%.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

The Group recognized no impairment losses.

#### 6. Investments in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries and Associates

Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and associates as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 are summarized as follows:

	March 31,						
		<b>2023</b> 2022			2023		
		(Millio	ns of y	ven)	`	iousands of S. dollars)	
Unconsolidated subsidiaries	¥	9	¥	9	\$	67	
Associates		9,857		9,587		73,818	
	¥	9,866	¥	9,597	\$	73,886	

#### 7. Short-Term Borrowings and Long-Term Debt

				March 31,				
			2023			2022		2023
			Weighted					
			average					
		Amount	interest rate	Due in		Amount		Amount
	(N	Iillions of			(M	lillions of		nousands of
		yen)				yen)	U.	S. dollars)
Short-term borrowings	¥	32,835	1.4%		¥	30,100	\$	245,899
Commercial papers		6,000	0.2			8,000		44,933
Current portion of long-								
term debt		6,419	1.2			10,192		48,071
Current portion of lease		22				20		220
obligations		32	_	A		29		239
Long-term debt		21,118	0.8	April 2024 – March 2034		18,153		158,151
Long-term debt		21,110	0.0	April 2024 –		10,155		150,151
Lease obligations		16	_	September 2025		33		119
Total	¥	66,422		-	¥	66,508	\$	497,431

Short-term borrowings and long-term debt as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 consisted of the following:

Average interest rates are calculated by using weighted-average interest rates as of March 31, 2023. Average interest rates on lease obligations are not provided because interest equivalents included in the total lease payments are allocated to each applicable fiscal year on a straight-line basis.

The maturities of long-term debt and lease obligations outstanding as of March 31, 2023 were as follows:

Year ending March 31,	Lo	Long-term debt		Lease obligations		ong-term. debt	Lease obligations	
		(Million	ns of yen	)	(	Thousands o	of $\overline{U.S.}$	dollars)
2024	¥	6,419	¥	32	\$	48,071	\$	239
2025		7,573		13		56,713		97
2026		9,620		3		72,043		22
2027		943		_		7,062		_
2028		943		_		7,062		_
Thereafter		2,038		_		15,262		_
Total	¥	27,537	¥	49	\$	206,223	\$	366

Assets pledged as collateral for the long-term debt, including the current portion, as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	March 31,							
Pledged assets		2023		2022		2023		
	(Millions of yen)				(Thousands of U.S. dollars)			
	(1111110)			yeny	<i>c</i> . <i>s</i> . <i>uonunsj</i>			
Land (*)	¥	11,776	¥	11,776	\$	88,189		
Buildings and structures (*)		2,948		3,014		22,077		
Machinery and equipment (*)		3,982		4,316		29,821		
Total	¥	18,707	¥	19,106	\$	140,095		

(\*) For the above assets, a revolving mortgage is set at the maximum amount of ¥1 million (\$7 thousand) with bank as of March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Assets pledged as collateral for the loan borrowed by Abra Mining Pty Limited, the Company's equity method associate, from financial institutions as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	March 31,							
Pledged assets		2023	2022		2023			
	(Millions of yen)					(Thousands of U.S. dollars)		
Investment securities (*)	¥	8,988	¥	8,483	\$	67,310		

(\*) Investment securities above are common shares of Abra Mining Pty Limited.

Liabilities secured by collateral for the long-term debt as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	March 31,							
Pledged liabilities		2023		2022		2023		
	(Millions of yen)				`	(Thousands of U.S. dollars)		
Current portion of long-term debt	¥	1,592	¥	717	\$	11,922		
Long-term debt		5,810	_	7,348		43,510		
Total	¥	7,402	¥	8,066	\$	55,433		

#### 8. Retirement Benefit Plans

The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries have funded and unfunded defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans. The defined benefit corporate pension plans, all of which are funded, provide lump-sum or pension benefits based on salaries and the length of service. The lump-sum payment plans, which are unfunded, provide lump-sum benefits based on salaries and the length of service. In addition, certain consolidated subsidiaries apply the simplified method to calculate retirement benefit liabilities and retirement benefit expenses, where the required contributions to the pension fund are accounted for as retirement benefit expenses.

Information regarding the Company's defined benefit plans for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

(a) The changes in the retirement benefit obligations for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Ye	ear en	ded Mar	ch 31	l <b>,</b>	
		2023		2022	2023		
Retirement benefit obligation at beginning of year		( <i>Thousand</i> ( <i>Millions of yen</i> ) U.S. dolla					
		4,013	¥	3,979	\$	30,053	
Service costs		292		293		2,186	
Interest costs		6		2		44	
Actuarial gains and losses arising during year		(65)		(33)		(486)	
Retirement benefits paid		(284)		(229)		(2,126)	
Retirement benefit obligation at end of year	¥	3,962	¥	4,013	\$	29,671	

(b) The changes in plan assets for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Year ended March 31,								
	2023			2022	2023				
		(Million	s of y	en)	,	ousands of S. dollars)			
Plan assets at beginning of year	¥	4,891	¥	4,702	\$	36,628			
Expected return on plan assets		97		94		726			
Actuarial gains and losses arising during year		(90)		112		(674)			
Contributions from employer		210		211		1,572			
Retirement benefits paid		(284)		(229)		(2,126)			
Plan assets at end of year	¥	4,825	¥	4,891	\$	36,134			

(c) The changes in net defined benefit liability accounted for using the simplified method for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Year ended March 31,								
		2023	2	2022		2023			
		(Million	ns of ye	n)	,	ousands of 5. dollars)			
Net defined benefit liability at beginning of year	¥	140	¥	141	\$	1,048			
Retirement benefit expenses		10		9		74			
Retirement benefits paid		(27)		(11)		(202)			
Net defined benefit liability at end of year	¥	124	¥	140	\$	928			

(d) The following table sets forth the funded status of the plans and the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2023 and 2022.

	March 31,						
		2023		2022		2023	
		(Million	ns of	ven)		housands of .S. dollars)	
Retirement benefit obligation for funded plans Plan assets	¥	3,962 (4,825)	¥	4,013 (4,891)	\$	29,671 (36,134)	
		(863)		(878)		(6,462)	
Retirement benefit obligation for unfunded plans		124	. <u> </u>	140	. <u> </u>	928	
Net balance of liability and asset recognized on the consolidated balance sheet		(738)	<u> </u>	(738)		(5,526)	
Net defined benefit liability		124		140		928	
Net defined benefit asset		(863)		(878)		(6,462)	
Net balance of liability and asset recognized on the consolidated balance sheet	¥	(738)	¥	(738)	\$	(5,526)	

(e) The components of retirement benefit expenses for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Year ended March 31,							
		2023		2022		2023		
		(Million	ns of y	en)	`	ousands of 5. dollars)		
Service costs (excluding employee contributions)	¥	289	¥	290	\$	2,164		
Interest costs		6		2		44		
Expected return on plan assets		(97)		(94)		(726)		
Amortization of actuarial gains and losses		(88)		(64)		(659)		
Amortization of past service costs		_		_		_		
Retirement benefit expenses calculated using the								
simplified method	_	10		9		74		
Retirement benefit expenses under defined benefit								
plans	¥	120	¥	144	\$	898		

#### (f) Remeasurements of defined benefit plans

The components of remeasurements of defined benefit plans included in other comprehensive income (before tax effect) for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Year ended March 31,							
	<b>2023</b> 2022					2023		
		(Million	s of ye	n)		ousands of 5. dollars)		
Actuarial gains and losses	¥	(113)	¥	81	\$	(846)		
Past service costs		_		_		_		
Total	¥	(113)	¥	81	\$	(846)		

(g) The components of remeasurements of defined benefit plans included in accumulated other comprehensive income (before tax effect) as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	March 31,							
		2023						
	(Millions		s of yen)		(Thousands of U.S. dollars)			
Unrecognized actuarial gains and losses	¥	650	¥	764	\$	4,867		
Unrecognized past service costs		_		_		_		
Total	¥	650	¥	764	\$	4,867		

#### (h) Plan assets

#### (1) Breakdown of plan assets

Percentage of each main category to total plan assets is as follows:

	Year ended March 31,				
	2023	2022			
Debt securities	39%	38%			
Equity securities	49	50			
Life insurance general account	10	10			
Other	2	2			
Total	100%	100%			

#### (2) Determination of expected long-term rate of return on plan assets

In determining the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets, the Company takes into consideration the current and future plan asset allocation as well as the current and expected long-term rate of return on various asset categories comprising plan assets.

#### (i) Actuarial assumptions

	Year ended March 31,		
	2023	2022	
Weighted-average actuarial assumptions at end of year:			
Discount rate	0.3 %	0.2 %	
Expected long-term rate of return	2.0	2.0	
Lump-sum election rate	100.0	100.0	

Contribution required for defined contribution plans of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries were \$34 million (\$254 thousand) and \$32 million for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### 9. Asset Retirement Obligations

The changes in asset retirement obligations for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	Year ended March 31,							
		2023		2022	2023			
		(Million	ns of	ven)	1	ousands of S. dollars)		
Balance at beginning of year	¥	4,116	¥	3,871	\$	30,824		
Increase associated with the change in estimate		(99)		60		(741)		
Adjustment due to passage of time		(12)		0		(89)		
Decrease due to performance of asset retirement								
obligations		(41)		(39)		(307)		
Other		304		223		2,276		
Balance at end of year	¥	4,267	¥	4,116	\$	31,955		

#### 10. Net Assets

Information regarding changes in net assets for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

(a) Shares issued and outstanding / Treasury shares

#### For the year ended March 31, 2023

	Number of			Number of
	shares as of			shares as of
Types of shares	April 1, 2022	Increase	Decrease	March 31, 2023
		(Thousands	of shares)	
Shares issued and outstanding:				
Common shares	13,585	_	_	13,585
Treasury shares:				
Common shares (Note)	7	0	_	7
	1 1 /	1 01	C1 (1 ( 1 )	· ·,

*Note:* The increase of 0 thousand shares was due to purchase of shares of less than standard unit.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

	Number of			Number of
	shares as of			shares as of
Types of shares	April 1, 2021	Increase	Decrease	March 31, 2022
		(Thousand	ls of shares)	
Shares issued and outstanding:				
Common shares	13,585	_	_	13,585
Treasury shares:				
Common shares (Note)	7	0	—	7
<i>Note</i> : The increase of 0 thousan	d shares was due to pu	rchase of shares of	of less than standar	d unit

*Note:* The increase of 0 thousand shares was due to purchase of shares of less than standard unit.

#### (b) Dividends

#### (1) Dividends paid

#### For the year ended March 31, 2023

	Type of			Divide	nds per	Cut-off	Effective						
Resolution	shares Total dividends share		Total dividends		Total dividends		shares Total dividends		shares Total dividends		are	date	date
		(Millions of yen)		(Yen)									
Annual general meeting of the	Common					March 31,	June 30,						
shareholders on June 29, 2022	shares	¥	1,018	¥	75	2022	2022						

For the year ended March 31, 2022

	Type of			Divide	nds per	Cut-off	Effective
Resolution	shares	Total d	lividends	sh	are	date	date
		(Millio	ns of yen)	(Y	en)		
Annual general meeting of the	Common					March 31,	June 30,
shareholders on June 29, 2021	shares	¥	678	¥	50	2021	2021

#### For the year ended March 31, 2023

	Type of			Divid	ends per	Cut-off	Effective
Resolution	shares	Total	dividends	s	hare	date	date
		(	ands of U.S. ollars)	(U.S.	dollars)		
Annual general meeting of the shareholders on June 29, 2022	Common shares	\$	7,623	\$	0.56	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2022

(2) Dividends with the cut-off date in the current fiscal year and the effective date in the following fiscal year

#### For the year ended March 31, 2023

	Type of	Т	`otal	Source of	Divi	dends	Cut-off	Effective
Resolution	shares	divi	idends	dividends	per	share	date	date
		(Mill	lions of					
			1		1	<b>r</b> \		
		У	ven)		(Y	en)		
Annual general meeting of the	Common	У	ven)	Retained	(	en)	March 31,	June 30,

For the year ended March 31, 2022

Resolution	Type of shares		'otal idends	Source of dividends		dends share	Record date	Effective date
		(Millions of yen)			(}	(en)		
Annual general meeting of the shareholders on June 29, 2022	Common shares	¥	1,018	Retained earnings	¥	75	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2022

#### For the year ended March 31, 2023

Resolution	Type of shares		otal lends	Source of dividends		ridends share	Cut-off date	Effective date
		,	ands of Iollars)		'	U.S. Ilars)		
Annual general meeting of the shareholders on June 29, 2023	Common shares	\$	7,623	Retained earnings	\$	0.56	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2023

The Companies Act of Japan provides that an amount equal to 10% of the amount to be disbursed as distributions of capital surplus (other than the capital reserve) and retained earnings (other than the legal reserve) be transferred to the capital reserve and the legal reserve, respectively, until the sum of the capital reserve and the legal reserve equals 25% of the common shares. Such distributions can be made at any time by resolution of the shareholders, or by the board of directors if certain conditions are met.

#### 11. Income Taxes

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

			Ma	rch 31,		
	202	23	2	022		2023
					(TV	nousands of
	(1	Millions	of ye	n)	U.	S. dollars)
Deferred tax assets:						
Net operating loss carry forwards (Note 2)	¥ 2,	102	¥	1,693	\$	15,741
Asset retirement obligations	1,	280		1,235		9,585
Depreciation in excess of tax limit	3,	448		4,036		25,821
Foreign exchange losses		-		1		-
Deferred losses on hedges		265		1,488		1,984
Other	2,	534		2,093		18,977
Gross deferred tax assets	9,	631	1	0,549		72,126
Valuation allowance on net operating loss	(1	001)	(	1 ( 4 9 )		(14.925)
carryforwards (Note 2)	(1,	981)	(	1,648)		(14,835)
Valuation allowance on deductible temporary differences	(4,	833)	(3	5,070)		(36,194)
Less: Valuation allowance (Note 1)	(6,	814)	(	6,718)		(51,029)
Total deferred tax assets	2,	816		3,831		21,088
Deferred tax liabilities:						
Unrealized gains on other securities	(	160)		(136)		(1,198)
Depreciation in foreign subsidiary	(	959)	(	1,194)		(7,181)
Inventories	(	391)		(314)		(2,928)
Reserve for overseas exploration	(	136)		(136)		(1,018)
Net defined benefit asset	(	264)		(269)		(1,977)
Other	(	337)		(286)		(2,523)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(2,	250)	(.	2,337)		(16,850)
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	¥	565	¥	1,493	\$	4,231
Deferred tax liabilities:						
Deferred tax liabilities related to land revaluation	¥ (4,	173)	¥ (	4,173)	\$	(31,251)

Notes 1. The increase of ¥97 million (\$726 thousand) in valuation allowance was mainly due to an additional recognition of valuation allowance related to loss on valuation of investments in capital of subsidiaries and associates of ¥426 million (\$3,190 thousand), despite of the decrease of ¥551 million (\$4,126 thousand) in the valuation allowance for net operating loss carry forwards incurred by the Company.

2. The expiry schedule of net operating loss carryforwards and the related amount of deferred tax assets is as follows:

#### As of March 31, 2023

			Due	after	Due	after	Due	after	Due a	fter		
			1 y	ear	2 y	ears	3 ye	ears	4 yea	rs		
	Dı	ue in	thro	ough	thre	ough	thro	ugh	throu	gh	Due after	
	1	year	2 y	ears	3 y	ears	4 ye	ears	5 yea	rs	5 years	Total
						(N	Tillion.	s of ye	n)			
Net operating loss												
carryforwards (a)	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥ 2,102	¥ 2,102
Valuation allowance		-		_		_		_		_	(1,981)	(1,981)
Deferred tax assets		_		_		_		_		_	121	121
(n) Not constinue 1.				1	4111	1 1 41.		4 A -				

(a) Net operating loss carryforwards are multiplied by the statutory tax rate.

#### As of March 31, 2022

			Due	after	Due	e after	Due afte	r	Due after		
			1 ye	ear	2 y	years	3 years		4 years		
	Due	in	thro	ugh	thr	ough	through	L	through	Due after	
	1 ye	ar	2 ye	ars	3 3	years	4 years		5 years	5 years	Total
						(A	tillions of	`yen	)		
Net operating loss											
carryforwards (b)	¥	_	¥	_	¥	-	¥	_ :	¥ –	¥ 1,693	¥ 1,693
Valuation allowance		_		_		_	-	_	_	(1,648)	(1,648)
Deferred tax assets		_		_		-	-	_	_	45	45

(b) Net operating loss carryforwards are multiplied by the statutory tax rate.

#### As of March 31, 2023

			Due a	fter	Du	e after	Due after	Due after		
			1 yea	ar	2	years	3 years	4 years		
	Du	e in	throu	gh	th	rough	through	through	Due after	
	1 y	ear	2 yea	ars	3	years	4 years	5 years	5 years	Total
						(Thousa	unds of U.S	dollars)		
Net operating loss										
carryforwards (a)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	<b>\$</b> –	\$ 15,741	\$ 15,741
Valuation allowance		_		_		_	-	-	(14,835)	(14,835)
Deferred tax assets		_		_		_	_	_	906	906
carryforwards (a) Valuation allowance	\$		\$	-		- - -		<b>\$</b> –	(14,835)	(14,835)

(a) Net operating loss carryforwards are multiplied by the statutory tax rate.

The reconciliation between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, when there is a significant difference was as follows.

	Year ended N	Iarch 31,
	2023	2022
Statutory tax rate	30.62%	30.62%
Increase (decrease) due to:		
Expenses such as entertainment expenses not tax		
deductible	1.39	0.06
Income such as dividend income not taxable	(10.09)	(1.45)
Effects of consolidated elimination of dividend income	7.01	1.37
Tax loss carryforwards of foreign consolidated subsidiaries	_	(4.86)
Elimination of intercompany profits	5.92	0.51
Change in valuation allowance	7.81	(11.88)
Per capita inhabitant tax	1.95	0.24
Special deduction of corporate tax	(6.70)	(0.09)
Tax rate differential of consolidated subsidiaries	(2.19)	0.00
Other	(0.04)	0.52
Effective tax rate	35.68%	15.05%

#### 12. Leases

#### As lessee:

There were no impairment losses allocated to leased assets for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

#### 13. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

#### (a) Guarantees

The Company guarantees bank loans of its associates as follows:

			N	larch 31,			
	2023			2022	2023		
		(Million	s of y	en)	`	nousands of S. dollars)	
Abra Mining Pty Limited	¥	5,875	¥	3,182	\$	43,997	
TIANJIN TOHO LEAD RECYCLING CO., LTD.		807		1,156		6,043	
Total	¥	6,682	¥	4,338	\$	50,041	

#### (b) Loan commitments

In addition, the Company has entered into loan commitments amounting to \$16,000 million (\$119,823 thousand) and \$16,000 million with 10 financial institutions as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. There were no related loans payable outstanding, and therefore, the unused balance was \$16,000 million (\$119,823 thousand) and \$16,000 million under the credit facilities as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. respectively.

As financial covenants are attached to these loan commitment agreements, any infringements of the following

clauses may result in forfeiture of the benefit of time for all the debts under the loan commitment agreements.

- (1) Maintaining consolidated shareholders' equity as of March 31, 2023 at no less than ¥25.0 billion (\$187,223 thousand).
- (2) Maintaining consolidated shareholders' equity as of September 30, 2023 at no less than 75% of the consolidated shareholders' equity as of March 31, 2023.
- (3) Maintaining the consolidated capital adequacy ratio as of March 31, 2023 and September 30, 2023 no less than 20%.
- (c) Contingent liabilities

As a result of an investigation, it was discovered that some of the nonferrous slag products shipped from the Company's Annaka Smelter and Refinery in the past included those with features not meeting environmental quality standards for soil under the Soil Contamination Countermeasures Act and that there is a possibility of inappropriate usage or contamination due to insufficient management by the Company. Going forward, the Company may incur expenses to collect and remove such products. However, it is difficult to reasonably estimate the impact on the consolidated financial statements at this point in time.

(d) Notes receivable discounted and others

The Company had repurchase obligations of \$167 million (\$1,250 thousand) and \$230 million in connection with the securitization of receivables as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

### 14. Financial Instruments

- (a) Overview
- (1) Policy for financial instruments

The Group raises funds mainly through bank borrowings in consideration of their business plans. The Group invests temporary surplus funds in highly liquid financial assets and raises short-term operating capital through bank borrowings and issuances of commercial papers. The Group uses derivatives to avoid after-mentioned risks and does not enter into derivatives for speculative or trading purposes.

(2) Descriptions of financial instruments and related risks

Trade receivables—notes and accounts receivable, trade and electronically recorded monetary claims – are exposed to customer credit risk. Trade receivables denominated in foreign currencies, which are derived from foreign operations, are exposed to foreign currency risk, and such risk is hedged by forward foreign exchange contracts.

Investment securities are mainly composed of equity securities of companies with business relationships and exposed to market risk.

Trade payables—notes and accounts payable, trade—are mostly due within two months or less. Certain trade payables denominated in foreign currencies are exposed to foreign currency risk, and such risk is hedged by forward foreign exchange contracts.

Trade receivables and payables in connection with the Smelting business are exposed to commodity price fluctuation risk of London Metal Exchange ("LME"), and such risk is hedged by metal forward contracts.

Borrowings are principally for the purpose of working capital (mainly short-term), and capital

investments (long-term). Certain long-term debt is exposed to interest rate fluctuation risk, and such risk is hedged by derivatives (interest rate swaps). The due date is 11 years from the balance sheet date at maximum.

As for derivatives, the Group has entered into the forward foreign exchange contracts and others to hedge the foreign currency risk arising from the trade receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies, metal forward contracts to hedge the commodity price fluctuation risk of LME arising from the trade receivables and payables on the Smelting business and interest rate swaps to hedge the fluctuation risk deriving from interest payment of long-term debt. See Note 1. (f) (3) *Hedge accounting* for information about the method of hedge accounting, hedging instruments and hedged items, hedging policy, and assessment of hedge effectiveness.

(3) Risk management for financial instruments

(i) Management of credit risk (risk of default by customers or counterparties)

For trade receivables, sales departments of each division of the Group periodically monitor creditworthiness of their main customers and manage due dates and outstanding balances by customer in accordance with the internal rules of the Company. In addition, the Group is making efforts to identify uncollectibility in the earlier stage and mitigate risks of bad debts, due to customers with financial difficulties.

The Group believes that the credit risk of derivatives is insignificant as they enter into derivative transactions only with financial institutions with high credit ratings.

(ii) Management of market risks (risks of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, commodity prices, interest rates and others)

For trade receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies, the foreign currency risk of the Company identified by currency on a monthly basis is hedged by forward foreign exchange contracts and others. In order to mitigate the commodity price fluctuation risks of LME for trade receivables and payables on the Smelting business, the Company has entered into the metal forward contracts. In addition, the Company has entered into interest rate swap transactions to mitigate the interest rate fluctuation risk for interest payment of long-term debt.

For investment securities, the Group periodically monitors the fair values and financial position of the issuers and continuously review the holding status taking into account market conditions and relationships with the issuers.

Derivative transactions are conducted and managed by treasury personnel including directors and each division, and risk management is sufficiently conducted by making reports to management every time transactions are executed as well as on a periodical basis.

(iii) Management of liquidity risk on funding (risk of default at due dates)

Based on the report from each department, subsidiaries and associates, the department in charge of the Company prepares and updates its cash flow plan on a timely basis and manages liquidity risk by maintaining liquid funds.

(4) Supplementary explanation of the fair value of financial instruments

Since various assumptions and factors are reflected in the calculation of the fair value of financial instruments, different assumptions and factors could result in different fair value. In addition, the

notional amounts of derivatives in Note 17. *Derivative Transactions* are not indicative of the market risk involved in derivative transactions.

(b) Fair values of financial instruments

Carrying values of financial instruments on the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 and their fair values are shown in the following table.

			Ma	rch 31, 2023		
	Ca	rrying value		Fair value	Ι	Difference
			(Mi	llions of yen)		
(1) Investment securities (*2)	¥	1,015	¥	1,015	¥	_
Total assets	¥	1,015	¥	1,015	¥	_
(1) Long-term debt (*3)	¥	27,537	¥	27,365	¥	(172)
Total liabilities	¥	27,537	¥	27,365	¥	(172)
Derivatives (*4)	¥	(756)	¥	(756)	¥	_
			Ma	rch 31, 2023		
	Ca	rrying value		Fair value	Γ	Difference
		(The	ousar	nds of U.S. do	llars)	
(1) Investment securities (*2)	\$	7,601	\$	7,601	\$	_
Total assets	\$	7,601	\$	7,601	\$	_
(1) Long-term debt (*3)	\$	206,223	\$	204,935	\$	(1,288)
Total liabilities	\$	206,223	\$	204,935	\$	(1,288)
Derivatives (*4)	\$	(5,661)	\$	(5,661)	\$	_

(\*1) "Cash and time deposits," "Notes and accounts receivable, trade, and contract assets," "Electronically recorded monetary claims," "Notes and accounts payable, trade," "Short-term borrowings," and "Commercial papers" are omitted as they represent cash and are settled in a short period of time, and therefore the carrying value approximates the fair value.

(\*2) "(1) Investment securities" does not include non-marketable equity securities. The carrying value of such financial instruments is as follows:

Category	As of March 31, 2023
TT 1' 4 1 '4 '4'	

Unlisted equity securities

- ¥9,682 million (\$72,508 thousand)
- (\*3) Current portion of long-term debt is included in long-term debt.
- (\*4) The value of receivables or payables arising from derivative transactions is shown at net value, and the net liability position is shown in parentheses.

		March 31, 2022									
	Carrying value		H	Fair value	D	ifference					
(1) Investment securities (*2)	¥	1,068	¥	1,068	¥	_					
Total assets	¥	1,068	¥	1,068	¥	_					
(1) Long-term debt (*3)	¥	28,345	¥	28,274	¥	(70)					
Total liabilities	¥	28,345	¥	28,274	¥	(70)					
Derivatives (*4)	¥	(5,165)	¥	(5,165)	¥	_					

(\*1) "Cash and time deposits," "Notes and accounts receivable, trade, and contract assets," "Electronically recorded monetary claims," "Notes and accounts payable, trade," "Short-term borrowings," and

"Commercial papers" are omitted as they represent cash and are settled in a short period of time, and therefore the carrying value approximates the fair value.

(\*2) "(1) Investment securities" does not include non-marketable equity securities. The carrying value of such financial instruments is as follows:

Category	As of March 31, 2022
Unlisted equity securities	¥9,177 million

Unlisted equity securities

(\*3) Current portion of long-term debt is included in long-term debt.

(\*4) The value of receivables or payables arising from derivative transactions is shown at net value, and the net liability position is shown in parentheses.

Notes:

\_\_\_\_

Redemption schedule for monetary receivables 1.

				March	31, 2023	3		
			Due	e after	Due	after		
			one	e year	five	years		
	D	ue in one	through five		•		Due	after
	ye	ear or less	y	ears	ye	ears	ten y	vears
				(Million	s of yen	)		
Cash and time deposits	¥	9,529	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_
Notes receivable, trade		427		_		_		_
Accounts receivable, trade		15,700		_		_		_
Electronically recorded monetary claims		938		_		_		_
Total	¥	26,596	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_
				March 3	81 2022	,		
			Due	e after		after		
				e year		years		
	D	ue in one		gh five		igh ten	Due	after
		ear or less		ears		ears	ten y	
				(Million				
Cash and time deposits	¥	7,921	¥		¥		¥	
Notes receivable, trade	т	697	т	_	т	_	т	_
Accounts receivable, trade		16,652		_		_		_
Electronically recorded monetary claims		1,160		_		_		_
Total	¥	26,432	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_
				March	31 2023	2		
				e after	<u> </u>	after		
				e year		years		
	D	ue in one		gh five		igh ten	Due	after
		ear or less		ears		ears	ten y	
				isands o				
Cash and time deposits	\$	71,362	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

3,197 117,576

7,024 199,176

\$

\$

\_ \$

Notes receivable, trade

Accounts receivable, trade

Electronically recorded monetary claims

Total

\$

\_

- 2. The redemption schedule for long-term debt and other interest-bearing debt is disclosed in Note 7. *Short-Term Borrowings and Long-Term Debt.*
- 3. Breakdown of financial instruments by fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial instruments is classified into the following three levels based on the observability and materiality of the inputs used to determine the fair value.

Level 1 fair value:	Among inputs for determining observable fair value, Level 1 fair value is the fair value determined based on quoted market prices in an active market for identical assets or liabilities subject to the fair value measurement.
Level 2 fair value:	Among inputs for determining observable fair value, Level 2 fair value is the fair value determined using inputs for the fair value measurement other than Level 1 inputs.
Level 3 fair value:	Level 3 fair value is the fair value determined using inputs for determining fair value that are unobservable.

When the Group uses multiple inputs with a significant impact on the determination of fair value, fair value is classified to the level with the lowest priority in the determination of fair value among the levels to which each of those inputs belongs.

(1) Financial instruments carried at fair value in the consolidated balance sheet

		March 31, 2023									
	Ι	evel 1	L	Level 2		vel 3	,	Total			
					s of yen	ı)					
Investment securities				Υ.		, ,					
Other securities											
Equity securities	¥	1,015	¥	-	¥	_	¥	1,015			
Derivative transactions											
Currency-related		-		126		_		126			
Commodity-related		_		61				61			
Total assets	¥	1,015	¥	188	¥		¥	1,204			
Derivative transactions											
Currency-related	¥	_	¥	39	¥	_	¥	39			
Commodity-related	_	_	_	904	-	_	_	904			
Total liabilities	¥		¥	944	¥		¥	944			
				March	31, 2022	2					
	Ī	evel 1	Ι	evel 2		vel 3	,	Total			
				(Million	-						
Investment securities Other securities				(111111011	s of yen	/					
Equity securities	¥	1,068	¥	_	¥	_	¥	1,068			
Total assets	¥	1,068	¥	_	¥		¥	1,068			
Derivative transactions											
	¥	_	¥	52	¥	_	¥	52			
•	-	_	-		-	_	-	5,112			
Total liabilities	¥	_	¥	5,165	¥		¥	5,165			
Currency-related Commodity-related			¥ ¥	52 5,112 5,165	¥ ¥		¥ ¥	5,112			

	March 31, 2023									
	Level 1			evel 2	Level 3			Total		
			(Th	ousands o	f U.S. d	ollars)				
Investment securities										
Other securities										
Equity securities	\$	7,601	\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,601		
Derivative transactions										
Currency-related		_		943		_		943		
Commodity-related		_		456		_		456		
Total assets	\$	7,601	\$	1,407	\$	_	\$	9,016		
Derivative transactions										
Currency-related	\$	_	\$	292	\$	_	\$	292		
Commodity-related		_		6,770		_		6,770		
Total liabilities	\$	_	\$	7,069	\$	_	\$	7,069		

(2) Financial instruments other than those carried at fair value in the consolidated balance sheet

March 31, 2023									
Level 1		Level 2	Lev	el 3		Total			
		(Million	s of yen)	)					
¥	- ¥	27,365	¥	-	¥	27,365			
¥	- ¥	27,365	¥	_	¥	27,365			
		March	31, 2022						
Level 1		Level 2	Leve	el 3		Total			
		(Million	s of yen)	)					
¥	– ¥	28,274	¥	-	¥	28,274			
¥	- ¥	28,274	¥	_	¥	28,274			
		March	31, 2023	5					
Level 1		Level 2	Lev	el 3		Total			
	(7	housands o	f U.S. do	ollars)					
\$	- \$	204,935	\$	_	\$	204,935			
\$	\$	204,935	\$		\$	204,935			
	¥ ¥ Level 1 ¥ ¥ Level 1 \$	$ \begin{array}{c} \underline{\mathbf{Y}} & - \\ \underline{\mathbf{Y}} $	Level 1       Level 2	Level 1Level 2Level 2	Level 1       Level 2       Level 3 $¥$ - $¥$ 27,365 $¥$ - $¥$ - $¥$ 27,365 $¥$ - $¥$ - $¥$ 27,365 $¥$ - $¥$ - $¥$ 27,365 $¥$ - $¥$ - $¥$ 27,365 $¥$ - $¥$ - $¥$ 27,365 $¥$ - $¥$ - $¥$ 27,365 $¥$ - $Warch 31, 2022$ Level 3       (Millions of yen)       - $¥$ 28,274 $¥$ - $¥$ - $¥$ 28,274 $¥$ -       - $¥$ - $¥$ 28,274 $¥$ - $¥$ - $¥$ 28,274 $¥$ - $Warch 31, 2023$ Level 1       Level 2       Level 3       (Thousands of U.S. dollars) $$$ - $$$ $204,935$ $$$ -	Level 1       Level 2       Level 3 $¥$ - $¥$ $27,365$ $¥$ - $¥$ $¥$ - $¥$ $27,365$ $¥$ - $¥$ $¥$ - $¥$ $27,365$ $¥$ - $¥$ $¥$ - $¥$ $27,365$ $¥$ - $¥$ $¥$ - $¥$ $27,365$ $¥$ - $¥$ $¥$ - $¥$ $27,365$ $¥$ - $¥$ March 31, 2022       Level 1       Level 2       Level 3       - $¥$ $¥$ - $¥$ $28,274$ $¥$ - $¥$ $¥$ - $¥$ $28,274$ $¥$ - $¥$ $¥$ - $¥$ $28,274$ $¥$ - $¥$ Level 1       Level 2       Level 3       - $¥$ $5$ - $$$ $204,935$ $$$ - $$$			

Notes: Explanation of valuation technique and inputs used to determine fair value

### Investment securities

The fair value of listed equity securities is based on a quoted market price. As listed equity securities are traded in an active market, the fair value is categorized into Level 1.

### Derivative transactions

(1) Currency-related

The fair value of currency-related derivatives is based on prices obtained from counterparty financial institutions and others and is categorized into Level 2.

## (2) Commodity-related

The fair value of commodity-related derivatives is based on prices obtained from counterparties and others and is categorized into Level 2.

### Long-term debt

For long-term debt with floating interest rates, its carrying value approximates fair value since the debt reflects the market interest rates in a short period of time and the credit condition of the Company has not changed significantly since the debt was executed. For long-term debt with fixed interest rates, the fair value is based upon the present value of the total of principal and interest discounted by the interest rate to be applied if similar new borrowings were entered into. The fair value is therefore categorized into Level 2.

### 15. Investment Securities

Investment securities held by the Group are all classified as other securities.

The aggregate cost and fair value (carrying value) of marketable securities classified as other securities as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

			Ma	rch 31, 2023		
			Fair value	Unrealized gains		
	Cost (ca			(carrying value)		(losses)
~			(Mi	llions of yen)		
Securities whose fair value exceeds their cost:						
Equity securities	¥	354	¥	906	¥	552
Securities whose fair value does not	•	001		200	1	552
exceed their cost:						
Equity securities		128		109		(19)
Total	¥	483	¥	1,015	¥	532
				rch 31, 2022		
		_		Fair value	Unı	realized gains
		Cost		rrying value)		(losses)
Securities whose fair value exceeds their			(Mi	llions of yen)		
cost:						
Equity securities	¥	455	¥	955	¥	499
Securities whose fair value does not						
exceed their cost:						
Equity securities		160		113		(47)
Total	¥	615	¥	1,068	¥	452
			Мя	rch 31, 2023		
				Fair value	Uni	ealized gains
		Cost		rrying value)	0 11	(losses)
		(		ds of U.S. doll	lars)	
Securities whose fair value exceeds their cost:						
Equity securities	\$	2,651	\$	6,784	\$	4,133
Securities whose fair value does not						
exceed their cost:						
Equity securities		958		816	. <u> </u>	(142)
Total	\$	3,617		7,601	\$	3,984

As of March 31, 2023 and 2022, unlisted equity securities amounting to ¥9,682 million (\$72,508 thousand)

and \$9,177 million, respectively, were not included in the above table because there were no market prices available and it was extremely difficult to determine the fair value.

Information about sales of securities classified as other securities for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

	Year ended March 31,										
	2023	<b>2023</b> 2022									
	(M	illions of yen)			usands of dollars)						
Sales proceeds Aggregate gains Aggregate losses		12 ¥ 18 11)	140 53 (10)	\$	1,063 134 (82)						

The Company recognized impairment loss on securities (equity securities categorized into other securities) of nil for the year ended March 31, 2023 and ¥45 million for the year ended March 31, 2022.

If the fair value declines by 50% or more compared to the acquisition cost, the acquisition cost will be written down to the fair value. If the fair value declines between 30% and 50% compared to the acquisition cost, the acquisition cost will be written down to the amount deemed appropriate taking into consideration monetary significance, recoverability and other factors.

## 16. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 were composed of the following:

March 31,								
	<b>2023</b> 2022				2023			
	(Millior	ıs of y	ven)	(Thousands of U.S. dollars)				
¥	9,536	¥	7,929	\$	71,414			
¥	9,536	¥	7,929	\$	71,414			
	¥	(Million <b>¥ 9,536</b>	2023 (Millions of y ¥ 9,536 ¥	2023       2022         (Millions of yen)         ¥       9,536       ¥       7,929	2023       2022         (Millions of yen) $U$ ¥       9,536       ¥       7,929       \$			

## 17. Derivative Transactions

- (a) Summarized below are the notional amounts and the fair value of derivative instruments outstanding as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, for which hedge accounting has not been applied.
  - (1) Commodity-related transactions

				March	31, 202	23		
		Notiona	ıl amou	nt				
	Co	ontract	Matu	ring after			Unr	ealized
	an	nount	on	e year	Fai	r value	gains	(losses)
				(Million	ns of yet	n)		
OTC transactions: Metal forward contracts Sell:								
Metals	¥	37	¥	_	¥	(1)	¥	(1)
Buy:								
Metals	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_
Total	¥	37	¥	_	¥	(1)	¥	(1)
				March	31, 202	2		
		Notiona	ıl amou	nt				
	Co	ontract	Matu	ring after			Unr	ealized
	an	nount	on	e year	Fai	r value	gains	(losses)
				(Million	ns of yet	n)		
OTC transactions: Metal forward contracts Sell:								
Metals	¥	61	¥	_	¥	(8)	¥	(8)
Buy:								
Metals	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_
Total	¥	61	¥	_	¥	(8)	¥	(8)
				March	31, 202	23		
		Notiona	ıl amou	nt				
	Co	ontract	Matu	ring after			Unr	ealized
	an	nount		e year		r value	gains	(losses)
			(Th	ousands o	of U.S. d	dollars)		
<u>OTC transactions:</u> Metal forward contracts Sell:								
Metals	\$	277	\$	-	\$	(7)	\$	(7)
Buy:								
Metals	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	_
Total	\$	277	\$	_	\$ \$	(7)	\$	(7)

- (b) Summarized below are the notional amounts and the fair value of derivative instruments outstanding as of March 31, 2023 and 2022, for which hedge accounting has been applied.
  - (1) Currency-related transactions

			March	31, 2023		
		Notiona	al amou	nt		
	C	Contract	Matu	ring after		
	8	imount	on	e year	Fair	value
			(Millior	ns of yen)		
Forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge forecast foreign currency denominated transactions, accounted for by standard treatment: Sell:						
USD	¥	5,141	¥	_	¥	86
Total	¥	5,141	¥	_	¥	86
			March	31, 2022		
		Notiona	al amou	nt		
	C	Contract	Matur	ring after		
	- 2	imount		e year ns of yen)	Fair	value
Forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge forecast foreign currency denominated transactions, accounted for by standard treatment: Sell:						
USD	¥	4,796	¥	_	¥	(52)
Total	¥	4,796	¥	_	¥	(52)
			March	31, 2023		
		Notiona	al amou	nt		
	C	Contract	Matur	ring after		
		imount	on	e year	Fair	value
		(Tho	isands c	of U.S. dol	lars)	
Forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge forecast foreign currency denominated transactions, accounted for by standard treatment: Sell:						
USD	\$	38,500	\$	_	\$	644
Total	\$	38,500	\$	_	\$	644

### (2) Interest-related transactions

		March	31, 2023	
	Notiona	al amou	nt	
С	ontract	Matu	ring after	
a	mount	on	ie year	Fair value
		(Millio	ns of yen)	
¥	680	¥	_	(Note)
¥	680	¥	_	
	a	Notiona Contract amount ¥ 680	Notional amouContractMatuamountor(Million)¥680¥	amount     one year       (Millions of yen)       ¥     680       ¥     –

*Note:* Interest rate swaps to which exceptional treatment is applied are accounted for together with the long-term debt designated as a hedged item. Therefore, their fair values are included in the fair value of long-term debt (including current portion of long-term debt).

			March	n 31, 2022	
		Notiona	al amou	ınt	
	_	Contract Imount		uring after ne year	Fair value
			(Millio	ons of yen)	
Interest rate swaps to hedge long-term debt, accounted for by exceptional treatment:					
Receive/floating and pay/fixed	¥	2,401	¥	680	(Note)
Total	¥	2,401	¥	680	

*Note:* Interest rate swaps to which exceptional treatment is applied are accounted for together with the long-term debt designated as a hedged item. Therefore, their fair values are included in the fair value of long-term debt (including current portion of long-term debt).

			March	31, 2023	
		Notiona	al amou	nt	
	-	Contract		ring after	т' I
		imount (Thor		e year of U.S. doll	Fair value
Interest rate swaps to hedge long-term debt, accounted for by exceptional treatment: Receive/floating and pay/fixed	\$	5,092	sanas c	–	(Note)
Total	\$	5,092	\$	_	

*Note:* Interest rate swaps to which exceptional treatment is applied are accounted for together with the long-term debt designated as a hedged item. Therefore, their fair values are included in the fair value of long-term debt (including current portion of long-term debt).

# (3) Commodity-related transactions

Buy: Metals 3,574 –	(831) (9) (841)
amountone yearFair YMetal forward contracts to hedge part of raw materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals¥ $30,849$ ¥-¥Buy: Metals $4,419$ -¥Total $4,419$ -¥March 31, 2022 $March 31, 2022$ Notional amount $Contract$ Maturing after amountFair YMetal forward contracts to hedge part of raw materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment 	(831) (9)
Metal forward contracts to hedge part of raw materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals $¥$ $30,849$ $¥$ $ ¥$ Buy: Metals $4,419$ $ ¥$ Total $¥$ $35,269$ $¥$ $ ¥$ March 31, 2022Notional amount $Contract$ Maturing after 	(831) (9)
Metal forward contracts to hedge part of raw materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals $¥$ $30,849$ $¥$ $ ¥$ Buy: Metals $4,419$ $ ¥$ $35,269$ $¥$ $ ¥$ Total $¥$ $35,269$ $¥$ $ ¥$ March 31, 2022Notional amount $Contract$ Maturing after 	(9)
materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals¥30,849 ¥¥¥Sell: Metals $4,419$ $ 4,419$ $-$ Total $4,419$ $ 4$ $-$ Warch 31, 2022 $March 31, 2022$ $March 31, 2022$ Notional amount $Contract$ $Maturing after$ amount $amount$ ContractMaturing after amount $mount$ $Fair Y$ (Millions of yen)Metal forward contracts to hedge part of raw materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals $¥$ $42,526$ $¥$ $ ¥$ ( $X,574$ Total $¥$ $42,526$ $¥$ $ ¥$ ( $X,574$ $ ¥$ $(2,574)$	(9)
Buy: Metals $4,419$ $-$ Total $\underbrace{4,419}$ $ \underbrace{\Psi}$ $35,269$ $\underbrace{\Psi}$ $ \underbrace{\Psi}$ $31, 2022$ $\underbrace{\Psi}$ $12022$ $\underbrace{Warch 31, 2022}$ $Warch 31, $	(9)
March 31, 2022Notional amountContractMaturing afteramountOne yearMaturing afteramountOne yearMillions of yen)Metal forward contracts to hedge part of rawmaterials and finished goods, accounted for bystandard treatmentSell: MetalsBuy: MetalsTotalTotal	(841)
Notional amountContractMaturing afteramountone yearFair yMetal forward contracts to hedge part of raw materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals $¥$ 42,526 $¥$ - $¥$ (3Buy: Metals $3,574$ - $-$ Total $¥$ 46,100 $¥$ - $¥$ (3	
ContractMaturing after one yearFair v Fair v (Millions of yen)Metal forward contracts to hedge part of raw materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals¥ $42,526$ ¥ $42,526$ ¥ $42,574$ ¥Total¥ $46,100$ $46,100$ ¥ $46,100$ $46,100$ ¥ $46,100$ $46,100$	
amountone yearFair vMetal forward contracts to hedge part of raw materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals $¥$ 42,526 $¥$ - $¥$ (3Buy: Metals $3,574$ Total $¥$ 46,100 $¥$ - $¥$ (3	
Metal forward contracts to hedge part of raw materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals Buy: Metals $¥$ $42,526$ $¥$ $ ¥$ $(3,574)$ Total $¥$ $46,100$ $¥$ $ ¥$ $(5,574)$	
Metal forward contracts to hedge part of raw materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals Buy: Metals $¥$ $42,526$ $¥$ $ ¥$ $(3,574)$ Total $¥$ $46,100$ $¥$ $ ¥$ $(5,12)$	alue
materials and finished goods, accounted for by standard treatment Sell: Metals $¥$ $42,526$ $¥$ $ ¥$ $(3,574)$ Buy: Metals $3,574$ $ =$ $=$ $¥$ $46,100$ $¥$ $ ¥$ $(4,5,52)$ Total $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$	
Sell: Metals	
Total $\underline{\underline{Y}}$ 46,100 $\underline{\underline{Y}}$ - $\underline{\underline{Y}}$ (3)	5,544)
	439
March 31 2023	5,105)
Wai (n 51, 2025	
Notional amount	
Contract Maturing after	
amount one year Fair	1.1.1.
(Thousands of U.S. dollars)	alue
Metal forward contracts, accounted for as part of raw materials and finished goods:	alue
	value
Buy: Metals	5,223)
Total $\frac{\$ 264,127}{\$ - \$}$	5,223) (67)

# 18. Other Comprehensive Income

Reclassification adjustments and tax effects allocated to each component of other comprehensive income (loss) for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

2023 $2022$ $2023$ ( <i>Thousands of yen</i> )Net unrealized gains (losses) on other securities: Gains (losses) arising during the year Reclassification adjustments¥86¥(112)\$644Mount before tax effect79(155)591591Tax effect(24)47(179)Deferred gains (losses) on hedges: Gains (losses) arising during the year Reclassification adjustments4,519(8,804)33,842Mount before tax effect(116)3,820(868)Amount before tax effect4,402(4,984)32,966Tax effect(116)3,820(868)Amount before tax effect1,67285612,521Tax effectItak effect-			Yea	ars er	nded Mar	ch 31	,
Net unrealized gains (losses) on other securities: $U.S. dollars)$ Gains (losses) arising during the year $¥$ $86$ $¥$ $(112)$ $$$ $644$ Reclassification adjustments $(6)$ $(42)$ $(44)$ Amount before tax effect $79$ $(155)$ $591$ Tax effect $(24)$ $47$ $(179)$ Deferred gains (losses) on hedges: $(24)$ $47$ $(179)$ Gains (losses) arising during the year $4,519$ $(8,804)$ $33,842$ Reclassification adjustments $(116)$ $3,820$ $(868)$ Amount before tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Foreign currency translation adjustment: $(1672)$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $  -$ Image: Closses gains arising during the year $(25)$ $146$ $(187)$ Reclassification adjustments $(88)$ $(64)$ $(659)$ Amount before tax effect $(113)$ $81$ $(846)$ Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ (78) $56$ $(584)$			2023		2022		2023
Gains (losses) arising during the year Reclassification adjustments $¥$ $86$ $¥$ $(112)$ $\$$ $644$ Amount before tax effect(6)(42)(44)Amount before tax effect79(155)591Tax effect(24)47(179)Deferred gains (losses) on hedges: Gains (losses) arising during the year $4,519$ $(8,804)$ $33,842$ Reclassification adjustments(116) $3,820$ (868)Amount before tax effect $4,402$ $(4,984)$ $32,966$ Tax effect(1,273) $1,435$ (9,533)Foreign currency translation adjustment: Adjustments arising during the year $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $   -$ Its effect $   -$ Reneasurements of defined benefit plans: (Losses) gains arising during the year(25) $146$ (187)Reclassification adjustments(88)(64)(659)Amount before tax effect(113) $81$ (846)Tax effect $34$ (24) $254$ (78) $56$ (584)	Not uppedized going (logged) on other counities		(Million	ns of y	ven)	`	υ
Reclassification adjustments(6)(42)(44)Amount before tax effect79(155)591Tax effect(24)47(179)Tax effect(24)47(179)Deferred gains (losses) on hedges:55(107)411Deferred gains (losses) arising during the year4,519(8,804)33,842Reclassification adjustments(116) $3,820$ (868)Amount before tax effect4,402(4,984)32,966Tax effect(1,273) $1,435$ (9,533)Tax effect(1,273) $1,435$ (9,533)Foreign currency translation adjustment: $3,128$ (3,548)23,425Foreign currency translation adjustment: $  -$ Adjustments arising during the year $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $   -$ Image: Reclassification adjustments(88)(64)(659)Amount before tax effect(113) $81$ (846)Tax effect $34$ (24)254(78) $56$ (584)		V	86	v	(112)	¢	644
Amount before tax effect $79$ $(155)$ $591$ Tax effect $(24)$ $47$ $(179)$ Deferred gains (losses) on hedges: $55$ $(107)$ $411$ Deferred gains (losses) arising during the year $4,519$ $(8,804)$ $33,842$ Reclassification adjustments $(116)$ $3,820$ $(868)$ Amount before tax effect $4,402$ $(4,984)$ $32,966$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Foreign currency translation adjustment: $(1672)$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $  -$ Tax effect $  -$ Icoses) gains arising during the year $(25)$ $146$ $(187)$ Reclassification adjustments $(88)$ $(64)$ $(659)$ Amount before tax effect $(113)$ $81$ $(846)$ Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ $(78)$ $56$ $(584)$		Ŧ		Ŧ	( )	Ф	
Tax effect $(24)$ $47$ $(179)$ Deferred gains (losses) on hedges: Gains (losses) arising during the year $4,519$ $(8,804)$ $33,842$ Reclassification adjustments $(116)$ $3,820$ $(868)$ Amount before tax effect $4,402$ $(4,984)$ $32,966$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Foreign currency translation adjustment: Adjustments arising during the year $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Remeasurements of defined benefit plans: (Losses) gains arising during the year $(25)$ $146$ $(187)$ Reclassification adjustments $(88)$ $(64)$ $(659)$ Amount before tax effect $(113)$ $81$ $(846)$ Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ $(78)$ $56$ $(584)$					. ,		`
(107) $(107)$ $(117)$ Deferred gains (losses) on hedges: Gains (losses) arising during the year Reclassification adjustments $(15)$ $(107)$ $(111)$ Amount before tax effect $(116)$ $3,820$ $(868)$ Amount before tax effect $(116)$ $3,820$ $(868)$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Foreign currency translation adjustment: Adjustments arising during the year $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $  -$ Image: 1,672 $856$ $12,521$ $146$ $(187)$ Remeasurements of defined benefit plans: (Losses) gains arising during the year $(25)$ $146$ $(187)$ Reclassification adjustments $(88)$ $(64)$ $(659)$ Amount before tax effect $(113)$ $81$ $(846)$ Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ $(78)$ $56$ $(584)$							
Deferred gains (losses) on hedges: Gains (losses) arising during the year $4,519$ $(8,804)$ $33,842$ Reclassification adjustments $(116)$ $3,820$ $(868)$ Amount before tax effect $4,402$ $(4,984)$ $32,966$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Foreign currency translation adjustment: Adjustments arising during the year $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $  -$ Image: Remeasurements of defined benefit plans: (Losses) gains arising during the year $(25)$ $146$ $(187)$ Reclassification adjustments $(88)$ $(64)$ $(659)$ Amount before tax effect $(113)$ $81$ $(846)$ Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ $(78)$ $56$ $(584)$			. ,				· · ·
Gains (losses) arising during the year $4,519$ $(8,804)$ $33,842$ Reclassification adjustments $(116)$ $3,820$ $(868)$ Amount before tax effect $4,402$ $(4,984)$ $32,966$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Foreign currency translation adjustment: $3,128$ $(3,548)$ $23,425$ Foreign currency translation adjustment: $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $   -$ Image: 1,672 $856$ $12,521$ $146$ $(187)$ Remeasurements of defined benefit plans: $(25)$ $146$ $(187)$ Reclassification adjustments $(88)$ $(64)$ $(659)$ Amount before tax effect $(113)$ $81$ $(846)$ Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ $(78)$ $56$ $(584)$	Deferred gains (losses) on hedges:		00		(107)		
Reclassification adjustments $(116)$ $3,820$ $(868)$ Amount before tax effect $4,402$ $(4,984)$ $32,966$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Foreign currency translation adjustment: $3,128$ $(3,548)$ $23,425$ Adjustments arising during the year $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $  -$ Image: 1,672 $856$ $12,521$ Remeasurements of defined benefit plans: $(1672)$ $856$ $12,521$ Reclassification adjustments $(88)$ $(64)$ $(659)$ Amount before tax effect $(113)$ $81$ $(846)$ Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ $(78)$ $56$ $(584)$			4,519		(8,804)		33,842
Tax effect $(1,273)$ $1,435$ $(9,533)$ Foreign currency translation adjustment: Adjustments arising during the year $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $  -$ Tax effect $  -$ Remeasurements of defined benefit plans: (Losses) gains arising during the year $(25)$ $146$ $(187)$ Reclassification adjustments $(88)$ $(64)$ $(659)$ Amount before tax effect $(113)$ $81$ $(846)$ Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ $(78)$ $56$ $(584)$			(116)		3,820		(868)
(0) $(0)$ 3,128 $(3,548)$ $(23,425)$ Foreign currency translation adjustment: Adjustments arising during the year $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $ -$ Tax effect $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Remeasurements of defined benefit plans: (Losses) gains arising during the year $(25)$ $146$ $(187)$ Reclassification adjustments $(88)$ $(64)$ $(659)$ Amount before tax effect $(113)$ $81$ $(24)$ $254$ $(78)$ $56$ $(534)$	Amount before tax effect		4,402		(4,984)		32,966
Foreign currency translation adjustment: Adjustments arising during the year Tax effect1,672 $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $  -$ I,672 $856$ $12,521$ Remeasurements of defined benefit plans: (Losses) gains arising during the year Reclassification adjustments(25) $146$ (187)Reclassification adjustments(88)(64)(659)Amount before tax effect(113) $81$ (846)Tax effect $34$ (24) $254$ (78) $56$ (584)	Tax effect		(1,273)		1,435		(9,533)
Adjustments arising during the year $1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Tax effect $   1,672$ $856$ $12,521$ Remeasurements of defined benefit plans: (Losses) gains arising during the year $(25)$ $146$ $(187)$ Reclassification adjustments $(88)$ $(64)$ $(659)$ Amount before tax effect $(113)$ $81$ $(846)$ Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ $(78)$ $56$ $(584)$			3,128		(3,548)		23,425
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans:(25)146(187)(Losses) gains arising during the year(25)146(187)Reclassification adjustments(88)(64)(659)Amount before tax effect(113)81(846)Tax effect34(24)254(78)56(584)	Adjustments arising during the year		1,672 _		856		12,521
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans:(25)146(187)(Losses) gains arising during the year(25)146(187)Reclassification adjustments(88)(64)(659)Amount before tax effect(113)81(846)Tax effect34(24)254(78)56(584)			1.672		856		12.521
Reclassification adjustments       (88)       (64)       (659)         Amount before tax effect       (113)       81       (846)         Tax effect       34       (24)       254         (78)       56       (584)	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans:		) -				)-
Amount before tax effect       (113)       81       (846)         Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ (78) $56$ (584)	(Losses) gains arising during the year		(25)		146		(187)
Tax effect $34$ $(24)$ $254$ (78)       56       (584)	Reclassification adjustments	_	(88)		(64)		(659)
(78) 56 (584)	Amount before tax effect		(113)		81		(846)
	Tax effect		34		(24)		254
Total other comprehensive income (loss) $\underline{¥}$ <b>4,778</b> $\underline{¥}$ (2,743) $\underline{\$}$ <b>35,782</b>			(78)		56		(584)
	Total other comprehensive income (loss)	¥	4,778	¥	(2,743)	\$	35,782

# 19. Revenue Recognition

# (a) Information on disaggregated revenue from contracts with customers

# For the year ended March 31, 2023

				Re	port	table segme	ent						
	S	melting		vironment and ecycling		Mineral Resource	Co A N	lectronic mponents and dvanced faterials	Total		Other (Note)		Total
Zinc products	¥	39,820	¥	_	¥	_	(Mil ¥	lions of yen) –		¥	_	¥	39,820
Lead products		27,199		_		_		_	27,199		_		27,199
Electric silver		34,359		_		_		_	34,359		_		34,359
Sulfuric acid Environment and recycling		1,545		-		-		-	1,545		-		1,545
products		-	¥	6,199		-		-	6,199		-		6,199
Sales of ores, etc.		-		-	¥	6,223		-	6,223		-		6,223
Electronic parts		-		-		-	¥	3,036	3,036		-		3,036
Electrolytic iron		-		_		-		1,263	1,263		-		1,263
Sound isolation building materials Civil engineering,		-		-		-		-	-	¥	1,462		1,462
construction and plant engineering		_		_		_		_	_		1,543		1,543
Other		19,044		_		-		1,638	20,682		2,130		22,813
Revenue from contracts with customers	¥	121,969	¥	6,199	¥	6,223	¥	5,938	€ 140,330	¥	5,137	¥	145,467
Other revenues	¥	384	¥	(261)	¥	173		- 1			-	¥	296
Net sales to external customers	¥	122,353	¥	5,937	¥	6,397	¥	5,938	₹ 140,627	¥	5,137	¥	145,764

For the year ended March 31, 2022

				Re	por	table segme	ent						
	S	melting		ironment and ccycling		Mineral Resource	Co A	lectronic mponents and dvanced faterials	Total		Other (Note)		Total
							,	lions of yen)					
Zinc products	¥	35,621	¥	-	¥	-	¥	- ¥	35,621	¥	-	¥	35,621
Lead products		26,068		-		_		_	26,068		_		26,068
Electric silver		29,078		_		_		_	29,078		_		29,078
Sulfuric acid Environment and recycling		1,439		-		-		-	1,439		-		1,439
products		_	¥	4,674		_		_	4,674		_		4,674
Sales of ores, etc.		-		-	¥	8,303		-	8,303		-		8,303
Electronic parts		-		_		-	¥	2,139	2,139		-		2,139
Electrolytic iron Sound isolation building		-		-		-		1,440	1,440		-		1,440
materials Civil engineering, construction and plant		-		-		-		-	_	¥	1,421		1,421
engineering		_		_		-		_	_		1,705		1,705
Other		12,439		_		-	-	1,687	14,127		1,903		16,030
Revenue from contracts with customers	¥	104,647	¥	4,674	¥	8,303	¥	5,267 ¥	122,893	¥	5,031	¥	127,924
Other revenues	¥	(3,218)	¥	(91)	¥	(333)		- ¥	(3,644)		_	¥	(3,644)
Net sales to external customers	¥	101,428	¥	4,583	¥	7,969	¥	5,267 ¥	119,248	¥	5,031	¥	124,279

### For the year ended March 31, 2023

			Re	port	table segm	ent			_		
	5	Smelting	vironment and ecycling		Mineral Resource	Co A	lectronic mponents and dvanced faterials	Total	_	Other (Note)	Total
					(Tho		ds of U.S. d	<i>,</i>			 
Zinc products	\$	298,210	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 298,210	\$	-	\$ 298,210
Lead products		203,692	-		-		-	203,692			203,692
Electric silver		257,312	-		-		-	257,312		-	257,312
Sulfuric acid Environment and recycling		11,570	-		-		-	11,570		-	11,570
products			\$ 46,424		-		-	46,424		-	46,424
Sales of ores, etc.		-	-	\$	46,603		-	46,603		-	46,603
Electronic parts		-	-		-	\$	22,736	22,736		-	22,736
Electrolytic iron Sound isolation building		-	-		-		9,458	9,458		-	9,458
materials Civil engineering, construction and plant		-	-		-		-	-	\$	10,948	10,948
engineering		_	_		_		_	_		11,555	11,555
Other		142,619	 -		-		12,266	 154,886		15,951	 170,845
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	913,420	\$ 46,424	\$	46,603	\$	44,469	\$ 1,050,924	\$	38,470	\$ 1,089,395
Other revenues	\$	2,875	\$ (1,954)	\$	1,295		-	\$ 2,216		-	\$ 2,216
Net sales to external customers	\$	916,295	\$ 44,461	\$	47,906	\$	44,469	\$ 1,053,149	\$	38,470	\$ 1,091,619

*Note*: "Other" represents business segments not belonging to reportable segments and includes sound insulation building materials; civil engineering, construction and plant engineering; transportation; environmental analysis; and others.

- (b) Information that provides a basis for understanding revenue from contracts with customers The information that provides a basis for understanding revenue is described "1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (o) Recognition of revenues" in the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements."
- (c) Information about the relationship between the satisfaction of performance obligations under contracts with customers and cash flows from such contracts, as well as the amount and timing of revenue expected to be recognized in the following fiscal year or later from contracts with customers that existed at the end of the current fiscal year
  - (1) Balances of contract assets and contract liabilities, etc.

		Ye	ar end	ed March 3	1,	
		2023		2022		2023
		(Million	s of ye	n)		ousands of S. dollars)
Receivables from contracts with customers (beginning balance)						
Notes receivables, trade	¥	697	¥	833	\$	5,219
Electronically recorded monetary claims Accounts receivable, trade		1,160 16,652		1,412 13,070		8,687 124,706
,	¥	18,511	¥	15,316	\$	138,628
Receivables from contracts with customers (ending balance)						
Notes receivables, trade	¥	427	¥	697	\$	3,197
Electronically recorded monetary claims		938		1,160		7,024
Accounts receivable, trade		15,667		16,652		117,329
	¥	17,033	¥	18,511	\$	127,559
Contract assets (beginning balance)	¥	244	¥	157	\$	1,827
Contract assets (ending balance)	¥	33	¥	244	\$	247
Contract liabilities (beginning balance)	¥	237	¥	119	\$	1,774
Contract liabilities (ending balance)	¥	83	¥	237	\$	621

Contract assets are those related to the rights of consolidated subsidiaries to construction contracts with customers in the civil engineering, construction and plant engineering business for which revenue over a certain period of time had been recognized but the corresponding invoices had not been issued yet as of the end of the current fiscal year. The contract assets are reclassified to receivables from contracts with customers when the rights of consolidated subsidiaries to the consideration become unconditional. The consideration for such construction contracts is received largely in stages in reference to the progress of satisfying the performance obligations in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract.

Contract liabilities are those primarily related to advances received for sales in each business. Contract liabilities are reduced when revenue is recognized.

The amount of revenue recognized in the current fiscal year that was included in the beginning balance contract liabilities was ¥215 million (\$1,610 thousand). The amount of revenue recognized in the current fiscal year from performance obligations that have been satisfied in prior periods (mainly due to changes in transaction prices) was immaterial.

The amount of revenue recognized in the previous fiscal year that was included in the beginning balance contract liabilities was ¥117 million. The amount of revenue recognized in the previous fiscal year from performance obligations that have been satisfied in prior periods (mainly due to changes in transaction prices) was immaterial.

#### (2) Transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations

The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries have applied the practical expedient on the notes on transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations. As a result, the contracts with an initial expected contract period of one year or less are not included in the notes. Such performance obligations are those related to the contracted construction works in the civil engineering, construction and plant engineering business. The aggregate transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations and the timing in which the Group expects to recognize revenue are as follows:

			N	Aarch 31,		
		2023		2022		2023
		(Milli	ons of ye	n)	(Th	ousands of U.S. dollars)
One year or less	¥	248	¥	309	\$	1,857
More than one year but not more than two years		_		6		-
Total	¥	248	¥	316	\$	1,857

As of March 31, 2023, the aggregate transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations for the contracted construction works was \$248 million (\$1,857 thousand). The Company expects to recognize revenue for these remaining performance obligations over the next 6 months as the work is completed.

As of March 31, 2022, the aggregate transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations for the contracted construction works was  $\frac{1}{316}$  million. The Company expects to recognize revenue for these remaining performance obligations over the next 11 to 17 months as the work is completed.

## 20. Segment Information

- (a) Overview of reportable segments
  - (1) Definition of reportable segments

The Company defines reportable segments as components of the Company for which separate financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly evaluated by the board of directors to make decisions about how resources are allocated and assess its performance.

Operating departments of the Company are organized according to products and services, and each department plans comprehensive domestic and overseas strategies for its products and services and develops business activities through the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries. Thus, reportable segments of the Company are determined based on such operating departments; namely, "Smelting," "Environment and Recycling," "Mineral Resource" (organized based on CBH Resources Ltd., a consolidated subsidiary), and "Electronic Components and Advanced Materials."

- (2) Products and services of each reportable segment
- The Smelting segment engages in sales and production of zinc and lead products, electric silver and sulfuric acid.
- The Environment and Recycling segment engages in sales and production of zinc oxide and recycling of waste materials.
- The Mineral Resource segment engages in exploration, development and production of non-ferrous metal resources and sales of their output.
- The Electronic Components and Advanced Materials segment engages in sales and production of electronic parts, electrolytic iron, plating and machine parts.
- (b) Basis of measurement for the amounts of net sales, profit or loss, assets and other items for each reportable segment

The accounting policies of each reportable segment are consistent to those described in Note 1. *Summary* of Significant Accounting Policies. The segment profit is based on operating income, and intersegment sales and transfers are based on prevailing market prices.

# (c) Information about net sales, profit or loss, assets and other items

								Year ei	ıde	d March	31, 2	2023						
				Rep	ort	able segn	nent				_						Aı	mounts on
	5	Smelting		vironment and ecycling		Mineral Resource	Co: and	lectronic mponents Advance Iaterials		Total		Other Note 1)		Total		econcilia- tion Note 2)	f st	nsolidated financial tatements (Note 3)
									Mi	llions of y	en)							
Net sales:																		
External customers	¥	122,353	¥	5,937	¥	6,397	¥	5,938	¥	140,627	¥	5,137	¥	145,764		-	¥	145,764
Intersegment		1,134		-	<b>x</b> 7	4,133		-		5,268		4,754		10,023		(10,023)		-
Total	¥	123,488	¥	5,937	¥	10,530	¥	5,938	_	145,895	¥	9,891	¥	155,787		(10,023)	¥	- / -
Segment profit (loss)	¥	2,822	¥	1,462	¥	(1,344)	¥	688	¥	3,628	¥	747	¥	4,375	¥	(326)	¥	4,049
Segment assets	¥	76,597	¥	5,869	¥	33,050	¥	9,844	¥	125,362	¥	3,874	¥	129,237	¥	13,762	¥	142,999
Other items:																		
Depreciation	¥	1,531	¥	230	¥	2,201	¥	170	¥	4,134	¥	181	¥	4,315	¥	69	¥	4,385
Investments in entities accounted for using equity method Increase in property, plant and equipment		-		-		8,988		_		8,988		_		8,988		_		8,988
and intangible assets		1,931		229		3,676		222		6,059		124		6,183		8		6,192
Impairment losses on		-,,01				2,070				0,000		121		.,100		0		<i><i>v</i>,<i>1</i>/<b>2</b></i>
fixed assets		-		-		231		-		231		-		231		-		231

								Year en	ıde	d March 3	31, 2	2022						
				Rep	ort	able segr	nent										Ar	nounts on
			_					ectronic							_			nsolidated
			Env	vironment		Aineral		nponents Advanced				Other			R	econcilia-		inancial
	S	melting	Re	and ecycling		esource		aterials	L	Total	(	Note 1)		Total		tion (Note 2)		atements (Note 3)
				e yening						10141				1000		(11010 2)		11010 0)
								(.	Mi	llions of y	en)							
Net sales:	v	101 420	v	4 592	¥	7.0(0	v	5 2(7	v	110 249	v	5 021	v	124 270	v		v	124 270
External customers Intersegment	¥	101,428 930	¥	4,583	Ŧ	7,969 4,874	¥	5,267	¥	119,248 5,805	¥	5,031 5,302	¥	124,279 11,108	Ŧ	(11,108)	¥	124,279
Total	¥	102,359	¥	4,583	¥	12,844	¥	5,267	¥	125,054	¥	10,333	¥	135,387	¥		¥	124,279
Segment profit	¥	6,470	¥	1,481	¥	1,535	¥	665	¥	10,152	¥	855	¥	11,008	¥	(498)	¥	10,509
Segment assets	¥	85,098	¥	5,392	¥	28,611	¥		¥	128,536	¥	3,751	¥	132,287	¥	13,508	¥	145,796
Other items:										,	-							<u> </u>
Depreciation	¥	1,556	¥	233	¥	2,081	¥	184	¥	4,056	¥	190	¥	4,246	¥	69	¥	4,315
Investments in entities																		
accounted for using equity method		_		_		8,483		_		8,483		_		8,483		_		8,483
Increase in property,						0,105				0,105				0,105				0,105
plant and equipment																		
and intangible assets		1,461		189		2,664		88		4,403		118		4,522		18		4,540
Impairment losses on fixed assets		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		-		_
ince assets		_				_		_		_		_		_		_		_

							Year ei	ıde	ed March (	31, 1	2023				
			Rep	ort	able segr	nent	t							Am	nounts on
	5	Smelting	vironment and ecycling		Mineral Resource	Co and	lectronic mponents Advance laterials		Total	(	Other Note 1)	 Total	econcilia- tion Note 2)	fi sta	solidated nancial atements <i>Note 3)</i>
							(Thou	sai	nds of U.S.	dol	lars)				
Net sales:							`		5		<i>,</i>				
External customers	\$	916,295	\$ 44,461	\$	47,906	\$	44,469	\$	1,053,149	\$	38,470	\$ 1,091,619	\$ -	\$1,	,091,619
Intersegment		8,492	 -		30,951		-		39,451		35,602	 75,061	 (75,061)		-
Total	\$	924,795	\$ 44,461	\$	78,858	\$	44,469	\$	1,092,600	\$	74,073	\$ 1,166,681	\$ (75,061)	<u>\$1,</u>	,091,619
Segment profit (loss)	\$	21,133	\$ 10,948	\$	(10,065)	\$	5,152	\$	27,169	\$	5,594	\$ 32,764	\$ (2,441)	\$	30,322
Segment assets	\$	573,631	\$ 43,952	\$	247,509	\$	73,721	\$	938,830	\$	29,012	\$ 967,849	\$ 103,062	\$1,	,070,912
Other items:															
Depreciation	\$	11,465	\$ 1,722	\$	16,483	\$	1,273	\$	30,959	\$	1,355	\$ 32,314	\$ 516	\$	32,839
Investments in entities accounted for using equity method Increase in property,		-	-		67,310		_		67,310		-	67,310	_		67,310
plant and equipment and intangible assets Impairment losses on		14,461	1,714		27,529		1,662		45,375		928	46,304	59		46,371
fixed assets		-	-		1,729		-		1,729		-	1,729	-		1,729

- *Notes 1.* "Other" represents business segments not belonging to reportable segments and includes sound insulation building materials; civil engineering, construction and plant engineering; transportation; environmental analysis; and others.
  - 2. "Reconciliation" included the followings:

	C	Ye	ar en	ded Marc	ch 31	,
		2023		2022		2023
		(Million	ns of y	ven)	(Th	ousands of
Segment profit (loss)					$U_{\cdot}$	S. dollars)
Intersegment elimination	¥	247	¥	(168)	\$	1,849
Corporate expenses (*)		(573)		(330)		(4,291)
Total	¥	(326)	¥	(498)	\$	(2,441)

(\*) "Corporate expenses" represents mainly general and administrative expenses that are not allocated to reportable segments.

		Ye	ear e	nded Mar	ch 31	,
		2023		2022		2023
		(Millio	ns of	yen)	(T)	housands of
Segment assets:					$U_{\cdot}$	.S. dollars)
Corporate assets (*)	¥	13,762	¥	13,508	\$	103,062

(\*) "Corporate assets" represents mainly the Company's investments of surplus funds including cash, time deposits and investment securities and assets relating to administrative divisions.

		Y	ear end	led Mar	ch 31,	
		2023	2	2022		2023
		(Millio	ns of ye	en)	(Tho	usands of
Other items:					U.S	. dollars)
Depreciation	¥	69	¥	69	\$	516
Increase in property, plant and equipment						
and intangible assets (*)		8		18		59

(\*) "Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets" represents mainly capital expenditures that do not belong to reportable segments.

3. Segment profit (loss) is reconciled to operating income on the consolidated statement of operations.

### (d) Related information

(1) Information by product and service

Information by product and service has been omitted since similar information is disclosed in segment information described above.

(2) Information by geographical area

Net sales information by geographical area for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

		Ye	ar ended Maro	ch 31	•
		2023	2022		2023
	_	(Million	as of yen)		Thousands of J.S. dollars)
Japan	¥	132,082	¥ 107,708	\$	989,155
Asia		9,131	11,613		68,381
Oceania		4,549	4,958		34,067
Total	¥	145,764	¥ 124,279	\$	1,091,619

Property, plant and equipment information by geographical area as of March 31, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

			]	March 31,		
		2023		2022		2023
		(Millio	ons of	yen)	`	housands of .S. dollars)
Japan Australia	¥	29,389 6,679	¥	29,069 6,202	\$	220,092 50,018
Total	¥	36,068	¥	35,271	\$	270,111

(3) Information by major customer

Information by major customer has been omitted since there were no sales to a single external customer accounting for 10% or more of consolidated net sales.

### 21. Related Party Information

(a) The Company had related party transactions with its unconsolidated subsidiary/associate as follows.

### For the year ended March 31, 2023

Туре	Company name	Address	Common shares	Business	Ownership [owned] ratio of voting rights	Relationship with the related party	Transactions	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Account	Balance at year end (Millions of yen)
Associate	TIANJIN TOHO LEAD RECYCLING CO., LTD.	Tianjin Development Area, People's Republic of China	RMB 264 million	Production of lead alloy for automobile batteries	Direct 49.3%	Lending of funds Concurrency of officer	Underwriting of capital increase Interest income (Note 1) Repayment of loans receivable Guarantee of liabilities (Note 2)	¥1,158 (\$8,672 thousand) ¥59 (\$441 thousand) ¥79 (\$591 thousand) ¥807 (\$6,043 thousand)	receivable) Other (short-term loans receivable from associates) Other (long-term loans receivable	¥14 (\$104 thousand) ¥80 (\$599 thousand) ¥1,365 (\$10,222 thousand)
Associate	Abra Mining Pty Limited	Western Australia, Australia	AUD 164 million	Mining	Indirect 40.0%	Purchase of raw materials Concurrency of officer	Guarantee of liabilities	¥5,875 (\$43,997 thousand)	Other (advance payments to suppliers)	¥761 (\$5,699 thousand)

*Notes* Terms and conditions of transactions and policies to determine them

- The Company determined the interest rate for the lending of funds to TIANJIN TOHO LEAD RECYCLING CO., LTD reasonably based on market interest rates, and has not received collateral for them.
- 2. The Company provides guarantees for the entity's borrowings and receives guarantee fees based on general guarantee fee rates.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

Туре	Company name	Address	Common shares	Business	Ownership [owned] ratio of voting rights	Relationship with the related party	Transactions	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Account	Balance at year end (Millions of yen)
		Tianjin		Production			Lending of funds ( <i>Note 1</i> ) Interest income	¥502 ¥37	Other (accrued receivable)	¥15
Associate	TIANJIN TOHO LEAD RECYCLING CO., LTD.	Development Area, People's Republic of China	RMB 151 million	of lead alloy for automobile batteries	Direct	Lending of funds Concurrency of officer	(Note 1) Repayment of loans receivable	¥67	Other (short-term loans receivable from associates)	¥73
		Ciinia		batteries			Guarantee of liabilities ( <i>Note 2</i> )	¥1,156	Other (long-term loans receivable from associates)	¥1,365
Associate	Abra Mining Pty Limited	Western Australia, Australia	AUD 159 million	Mining	Indirect 40.0%	Concurrency of officer	Guarantee of liabilities	¥3,182	-	-

*Notes* Terms and conditions of transactions and policies to determine them

- The Company determined the interest rate for the lending of funds to TIANJIN TOHO LEAD RECYCLING CO., LTD reasonably based on market interest rates, and has not received collateral for them.
- 2. The Company provides guarantees for the entity's borrowings and receives guarantee fees based on general guarantee fee rates.

(b) A consolidated subsidiary of the Company had related party transactions with its unconsolidated subsidiary/associate as follows.

For the year ended March 31, 2023

Туре	Company name	Address	Common shares	Business	Ownership [owned] ratio of voting rights	Relationship with the related party	Transactions	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Account	Balance at year end (Millions of yen)
						Undertaking	Undertaking of capital increase	¥182 (\$1,362 thousand)		
Associate	Abra Mining Pty Limited	Western Australia, Australia	AUD 164 million	Mining	Indirect 40.0%	of capital increase Concurrency	Guarantee of liabilities	¥5,875 (\$43,997 thousand)	-	-
						of officer	Provision of collateral (Note)	¥8,988 (\$67,310 thousand)		

*Note* Terms and conditions of transactions and policies to determine them The Company's consolidated subsidiary provides its own shares as collateral to a financial institution from which Abra Mining Pty Limited borrows funds.

For the year ended March 31, 2022

Туре	Company name	Address	Common shares	Business	Ownership [owned] ratio of voting rights	Relationship with the related party	Transactions	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Account	Balance at year end (Millions of yen)
						Undertaking	Undertaking of capital increase	¥3,299		
Associate	Abra Mining Pty Limited	Western Australia, Australia	AUD 159 million	Mining	Indirect 40.0%	of capital increase Concurrency	Guarantee of liabilities	¥3,182	-	-
						of officer	Provision of collateral (Note)	¥8,483		

*Note* Terms and conditions of transactions and policies to determine them The Company's consolidated subsidiary provides its own shares as collateral to a financial institution from which Abra Mining Pty Limited borrows funds.

## 22. Subsequent Events

Not applicable.